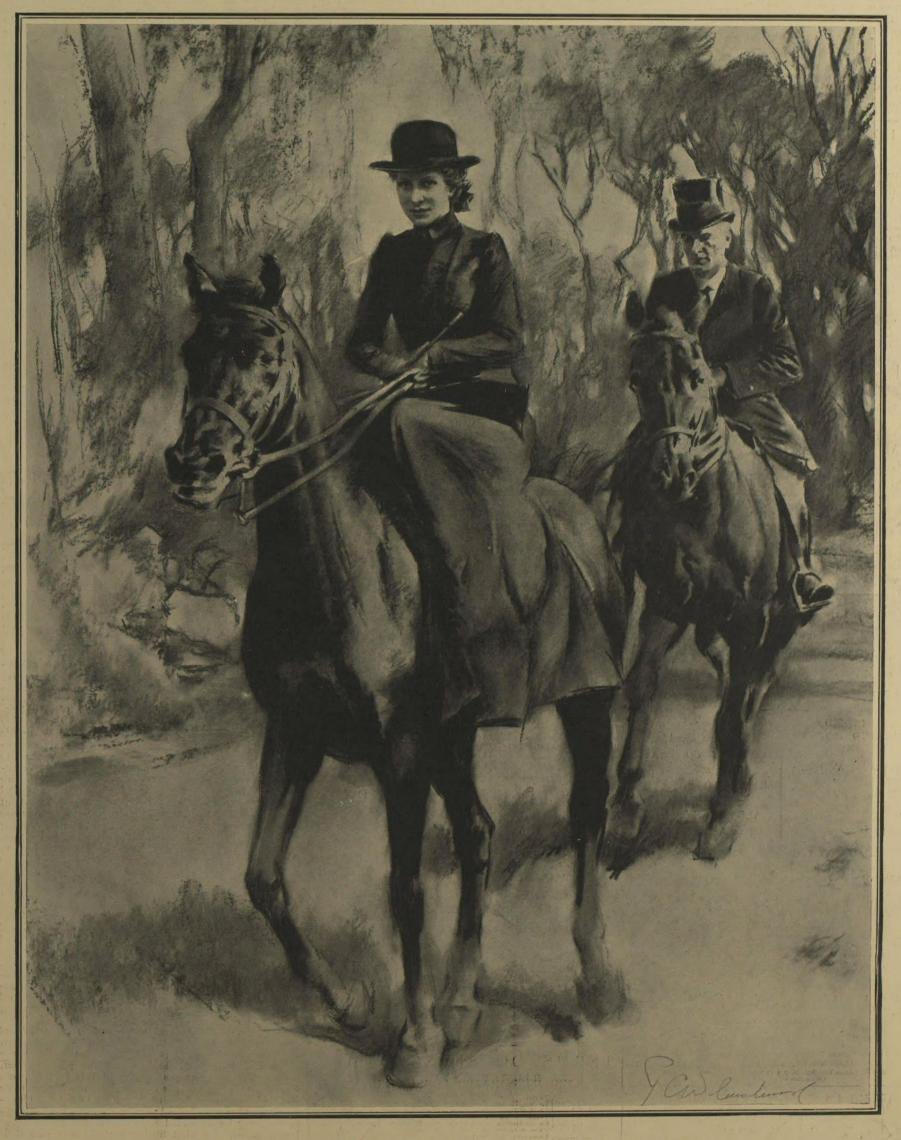
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THE KING'S ONLY DAUGHTER AS HORSEWOMAN: PRINCESS MARY RIDING.

Princess Mary, only daughter of the King and Queen, celebrated her fourteenth birthday last week. She was born, it will be remembered, in 1897, and is the third child of their Majostics.

Her names are Victoria Alexandra Alice Mary.

DRAWN BY G. C. WILMSHURST

HARWICH ROUTE TO THE CONTINENT

ACCELERATED AND IMPROVED SERVICES. Via HOOK OF HOLLAND Daily. British Royal Mail Route.
Liverpool Street Station dep. 8,30 p.m. Corridor Vestibuled Train,
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PARLIAMENT.

MR. AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN, after an absence of several weeks, due to ill-health, returned to the House of Commons this week in time to see the Committee stage of the Parliament Bill hurried to its completion by means of the "Kangaroo." By this process of closure, brought into operation with the assent of the Chair by a formal motion and a division, Mr. Emmott hopped over pages of printed amendments, selecting only one here and there out of scores for discussion. Naturally, the members who were prevented from raising points which they considered important were annoyed, but the display of feeling, as a rule, was comparatively mild, the House having long spells of apathy. A few Amendments on the Bill have been accepted. One to which Mr. Asquith agreed on Monaccepted. One to which Mr. Asquith agreed on Mondry provides that the interval of two years which must elapse before a Bill overrides the veto of the House of Lords should date not from its first introduction in the House of Commons, as originally proposed, but from its Second Reading. On great subjects, however, such as the introduction of the Referendum, the Government have not changed their attitude. The daily interest of the House of Commons has been keenest at question time, when Unionists have cross-examined the Government with regard to various matters of patronage and policy, including the permanent appointment given to Sir Ernest Soares, a Whip. This appointment has provoked a great deal of hot personal feeling, and Mr. Hobhouse, the Secretary to the Treasury, in defending it, flung a taunt at a Unionist critic for which he received from the Speaker a replye such as is greatly received from the Speaker a rebuke such as is rarely administered to a member of a Government, although it was remarkable that sympathy with him was expressed by Radical cheers. Members below the Liberal gangway, including Mr. Primrose as well as Mr. Wedgwood, were greatly disappointed by the Prime Minister's statement on Monday concerning the appointment of Justices of the Peace. They had hoped for the promise of a new policy in this matter, and were bitterly annoyed when Mr. Peace. They had hoped for the promise of a new policy in this matter, and were bitterly annoyed when Mr. Asquith shared Lord Loreburn's hope that satisfactory results would follow the work of the advisory committees. In a letter read by his chief, Lord Loreburn wrote with reference to the principles on which he had acted: "I believe they are sound, and I shall certainly adhere to them as long as I remain Chancellor." The interest of Parliament will turn to the House of Lords next week, when the Bill for its reform will be presented by the Marquess of Lansdowne, and from this point the political drama is expected to lead to a series of exciting episodes.

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PATRON, HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, WEDNESDAY, MAY 3rd.

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PHOTOGRAPHY IN NATURAL COLOURS: HOW IT IS DONE.

THE first researches relating to photography in natural colours were actually previous to the discovery of photography itself; in fact, we must regard the observation of Seebeck of Jena in 1810 as the earliest step in this direction. The names of Daguerre, Becquerel, Niepce de St. Victor, Poitevin, and Saint-Florent figure amongst the earliest experimentalists, and to review completely the course of progress would be entirely outside the limits of this brief article. Sufficient be it to say that the theories advanced remained practically unrealised owing to the handicap of unsuitable and unstandardised means, until the invention and production of the Autochrome plate by the brothers Lumière, of Lyons, the earliest announcement of which was made in a communi-

cation to the Société Française de Photographie in 1904.

This invention, now known as the Lumière Autochrome plate, which is to-day practised by both amateur and professional, bids fair, ere long, to oust the ordinary or monochrome method of photography, so generally practised hitherto. The principle of the Autochrome plate is that put forward simultaneously in 1869 by two workers, Charles Cross and Ducos du Hauron, and is as follows. Charles Cros and Ducos du Hauron, and is as follows-

That any and every colour results from the mixture, in varying proportions, of three primary colours. These may, for our present purpose, and to give the simplest explanation, be taken as blue, green, and red. The complete mixture of these primary colours of light produces what we term white light, and it will be readily seen that, by varying their proportions, an enormous range of colour-variety will result. So completely is this the case that the Autochrome plate gives us practical proof of the early and above-quoted theory.

Let us now examine the construction of this plate and the method by which we can to-day, by its means, practise the direct photography of colours, and that with such ease and certainty that the veriest tyro may soon become expert. If we examine the Autochrome plate in daylight by transmitted light, we see a glass plate of acceptance violet right appearance by plate of a peculiar violet-pink appearance; but on placing this under a microscope, we at once obtain an insight into the means employed. We perceive that the apparently almost colourless surface is really alive with innumerable dots of brilliant colours. Further with innumerable dots of brilliant colours. Further examination will show us that the surface of the plate is completely covered by a mosaic of transparent particles—blue, green, or red in colour. As a matter of fact, we are regarding a coating of transparent dyed starch granules, each one of about one two-thousandth of an inch in diameter, and so beautifully and accurately disposed that they form a complete and faultless tricolour coating. These granules actually number some four millions to the square inch, and the commercial production of such a surface is in itself commercial production of such a surface is in itself one of the most remarkable feats of our time. This coating of dyed starch grains bears on its surface a

coating of dyed starch-grains bears on its surface a thin coating of light-sensitive photographic emulsion.

Let us now examine the operation of a plate so built up. Unlike the ordinary photographic plate of commerce, the Autochrone plate is placed in the camera with the glass side facing the lens, in such manner that any light reaching the sensitive-emulsion coating must first have passed through the coating of dyed granules. As an example, let us suppose that, when exposed in the camera, a point of red light falls on a small group of three of these granules, one of each colour—namely, red, green, and blue. Such is the nature of these transparent coloured particles that our point of red light passes without hindrance through the red one, and so affects the light-sensitive coating lying behind it. In the case of the blue and green particles its passage is intercepted, as we can through the red one, and so affects the light-sensitive coating lying behind it. In the case of the blue and green particles its passage is intercepted, as we can readily understand by merely looking through a piece of coloured glass, when we shall see that only some colourarys are allowed to pass, others being suppressed. For example, green grass viewed through a red glass appears black, owing to the green rays being intercepted and absorbed by the red glass. This colouranalysis or selection is performed by each and every minute coloured particle throughout the whole surface of the plate, with the result that our light-sensitive coating is affected or impressed according to the particular colour impinging on the tricolour coating, and absorbed or transmitted by its selective action. The placing of a plate so exposed in a special developing-solution in the dark-room, followed at the end of about two and a-half minutes by a rinse in plain water, and the use of a second of reversing solution in full daylight, will enable us to see, on examination by transmitted light, a complete colour-record of the object photographed in all its natural colours. To complete the process, which occupies but some ten minutes in all, we replace our plate in the original developing-solution, and allow this to act in full daylight till the plate becomes black in appearance when viewed by reflected light. Five minutes' washing, and we have till the plate becomes black in appearance when viewed by reflected light. Five minutes' washing, and we have but to dry our plate, which, if correctly exposed, will have reproduced with absolute fidelity every colour and shade of the object photographed. So faithful is this rendering that, with the help of the Autochiome plate,

rendering that, with the help of the Autochiome plate, records of the most delicate scientific and other processes are readily obtainable, and retained for examination and future guidance. By its means we can record and keep for our education or amusement anything in which colour as well as form is an essential.

It is impossible within the limits of an article of this nature to do more than hint at a thousandth part of its application or uses. We can but instance the power now placed in the hands of the photographer, be he amateur or professional, and this by a process so simple in manipulation that the Autochrome plate justly claims to be the simplest possible form of photography. One may indeed wonder what further developments may be expected in this important branch of investigation, and what further marvels may owe their origin in the future to a similar wedding of science and origin in the future to a similar wedding of science and mechanical skill. Truly, this is an age of progress. The Colour Supplement in this Issue is reproduced entirely from subjects taken on the Autochrome plate.

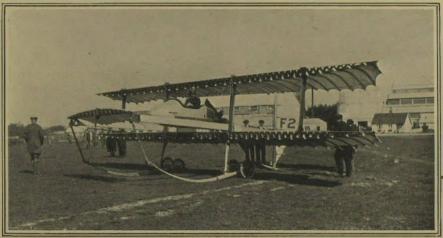
FROM THE WORLD'S SCRAP - BOOK.



THE FIRE IN WHICH NEARLY 7000 HOUSES WERE DESTROYED: A STREET SCENE DURING THE BURNING OF THE FAMOUS YOSHIWARA QUARTER OF TOKIO.

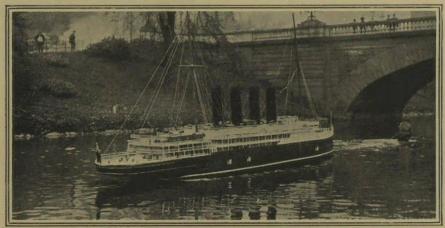
At half-past eleven on the morning of April 9, fire broke out in a small house in the famous Yoshiwara quarter of Tokio, and spread, under the wind, four miles to the north, destroying in all 6676 houses.

Many thousands of the inhabitants were rendered homeless.



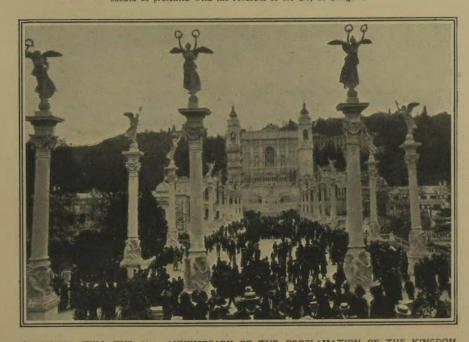
THE LATEST ADDITION TO THE BRITISH AIR-FLEET, WHICH IS GROWING STEADILY IF SLOWLY: THE ARMY'S NEW PAULHAN AEROPLANE.

It may be presumed that this flying-machine will be one of those which will take part in that test of the value of aeroplanes for military purposes which is due to be made at Hendon on Friday, the 12th. The flying-machines, starting from Hendon, will travel to Aldershot. There the officers on them will make observations of the troops, which will be manceuvring specially for that purpose



A FINE MODEL OF A MODEL LINER: A MINIATURE "LUSITANIA" AT THE SCOTTISH NATIONAL EXHIBITION AT GLASGOW.

It was arranged that the Duke of Connaught should open the Scottish National Exhibition in Kelvingrove Park, Glasgow, on Wednesday last, the 3rd. The object of the Exhibition is the endowment of a Chair of Scottish History and Literature in Glasgow University, and it is hoped that it will awaken general interest in these matters. It was further arranged that the Duke, who, by the way, was sixty-one on Monday last, should be presented with the Freedom of the City of Glasgow.



COMMEMORATING THE 501H ANNIVERSARY OF THE PROCLAMATION OF THE KINGDOM

OF ITALY: THE CROWD IN THE HEART OF THE EXHIBITION.

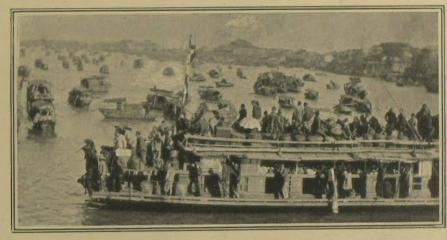


THE BURNT-OUT YOSHIWARA QUARTER - A CHARRED WASTE.

Many people were injured; but, curiously enough, there were no deaths. The fire, which raged for some eight hours, laid waste an area measuring one mile by four miles. Five hundred troops were employed to guard the wrecked quarter.



THE KING'S PRESENTATION OF A NEW COLOUR TO HIS OWN COMPANY OF THE GRENADIER GUARDS: THE COLOUR BEING CARRIED PAST THE QUEEN VICTORIA MEMORIAL. Following a custom observed at the beginning of each new reign, the King presented a new State Colour to his own company of the 1st Grenadier Guards on Monday last. The King was received on the paradeground, in the quadrangle of Buckingham Palace, by the Duke of Connaught, Colonel of the Regiment. His Majesty himself handed the new colour to the company ensign, Lieutenant H. L. Aubrey-Fletcher.



ON THE SCENE OF THE SERIOUS REVOLUTIONARY OUTBREAK IN CHINA: A PASSENGER BOAT ABOUT TO LAND PASSENGERS AT CANTON.

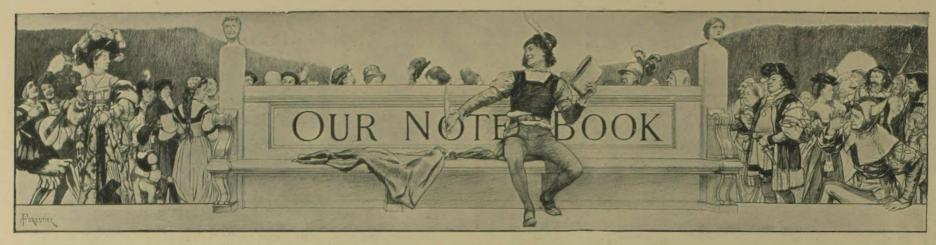
Early this week serious news came from China of a revolutionary outbreak at Canton, and it was written that the bodies of the slain were strewn about the streets. Much damage appears to have been done, not only to life, but to property. News came on Wednesday that British Marines had been landed to guard the foreign residential quarter of the city, called Shameen, and that guns had been posted on the Canal Bund. Later it was reported that four Government offices had been burnt at Fatshan by the rebels.



A PARTICULARLY INTERESTING DOORWAY IN THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION AT TURIN: THE ENTRANCE TO THE HUNGARIAN BUILDING.

The Turin Exhibition was opened on the 29th of April by the King of Italy, who was accompanied by the Queen. The Exhibition extends for nearly a mile along the right and left banks of the River Po.

The British Section is in the Valentino Park.



BY G. K. CHESTERTON

THERE is a kind of war between bricks and books; I mean between the tradition of materials and the tradition of theories. In so many places the church contradicts the parson and the castle contradicts the earl; the Parliament says one thing and the Parliament house another. Anyone who has gone rambling more or less at random in England must have noticed a strange thing often only half perceived and generally wholly unexplained. I mean the entire difference between English history, especially early English history as it is in the ordinary history books, and the same English history in so far as it remains

in buildings, in local customs, or in popular associations in England. The old kings, bishops, and soldiers seem to be entirely different people when they appear in stone and when they appear in print. I do not mean that the school histories are untrue; I do not even mean that they contradict the other impressions or are inconsistent with them in any particular. But the two are two different worlds; in the second is revealed a whole universe of interests and activities, about which the first was literally deaf and dumb. It is as if we had heard of Tennyson's peerage, but never of his poetry; or as if we had heard of Wellington's premiership, but never of his generalship; or as if a biographer of Columbus had been explanatory about the egg, but silent about the American continent.

Let me take a typical example. The story of the dynastic violence of fifteenthcentury England is, in the school-books, really picturesque. We see the Lion of Agincourt dying with a doom upon his usurping house, leaving all that it had gained in England to the intrigue and audacity of Gloucester, all that it had gained in France to the exterminating nationalism of Joan of Arc. The only staff on which Lancaster can lean is King Harry's daughter-in-law, Margaret of Anjou, a woman almost as military as Joan of Arc herself. Among these strong and sinister figures, somewhat diseased but intensely dramatic, one scarcely looks at the poor pale-faced lad, said not to be quite right in his head, who actually inherits the crowns of England and France. Battles are fought round him, as round the wooden pole of a flagstaff; councils are held round him, as round the dead mace on the table of Parliament. He always seems to be locked up somewhere and forgotten; and we do not even remember his foolish face as we watch Margaret defying the outlaws in the forest, or Richard Crookback red with the rout of Tewkesbury. We scarcely know when His murder is quieter than most men's natural deaths. That is how King Henry VI. appears in the written English histories-or rather, how he does not appear. It bears no resemblance, it contains no hint of how he still appears, not in English histories,

but in England. I do not mean that his character appears particularly different: I mean that one discovers a new field of activity for such a character. It is not that the face or figure of the feeble youth is contradicted—it is as if we walked into fairyland, where such a youth may gain all the omnipotence of the fairies. It is like finding that a housemaid is a medium, or the village idiot a magician.

Walk westward out of London along the Valley of the Thames, and you will find a huge educational foundation which has passed almost into a synonym for the British Empire and the aristocracy that administers that Empire. It is enormously wealthy; it is enormously powerful; it is known all over the world as much, or more, than Oxford or Cambridge; and every boy or man who has anything to do with it is reminded morning and evening in all the prayers and ceremonies of the place that the wealth and power by which he lives is the wealth and power of King Henry VI. The most successful of soldiers declares that he won Waterloo by the influence that lost Tewkesbury. The timid and impotent boy is still (even after a profound change of religion) the patron saint and benefactor of

sit remains change of religion) the patron saint and benefactor of Middle Age

TWO YEARS OLD LAST SUNDAY: PRINCESS JULIANA. HEIRESS TO THE THRONE OF THE NETHERLANDS.

Little Princess Juliana of the Netherlands, who kept the second anniversary of her birthday on Sunday last, was born at the Hague on April 30. 1909. It will be remembered that her arrival was greeted with great joy in Holland, for Queen Wilhelmina had been previously childless, although married for eight years, and the Dutch people had begun to fear that there would be no heir to the throne. The Queen's wedding to Prince Henry of Mecklenburg took place at the Hague in 1901. Princess Juliana spent part of her birthday in reviewing the Apeldoorn Boy Scouts, in honour of the occasion. Among the presents she received was a large doll dressed in Dutch costume, which was brought to her by a peasant woman from Zeeland. The woman was allowed to hand the doll personally to the little Princess, who received it with great delight, and she was also invited by Queen Wilhelmina to spend the day at the Palace.

hundreds of the athletic or ambitious boys that make up the great legend of Eton and the English public schools. Walk eastward out of London into the flat counties till you come to one of the two Universities that are the two fountains of the national life and letters. You will find one College of which the chapel towers in beauty and traditional town; the whole world of culture has come to it for its architecture or its music or its stained glass. It is one of the wonders of the English world. And there is not a porter so ignorant, nor an undergraduate so frivolous, that

he has not been told twenty times, and repeated twenty times, that it is the half-witted Henry who through five centuries sustains this palace of God. This weakest of Kings is the King par excellence, for the place is called "King's College," not King Henry's. The difference of impression, I say, is very strange. As I have already said, it is a difference, it is not a contradiction. Little of what the history book says is untrue; but the history book says so little. Henry VI. was not an effective fighter or a sagacious statesman; and if we see the Middle Ages as a gory tangle like Tewkesbury, we

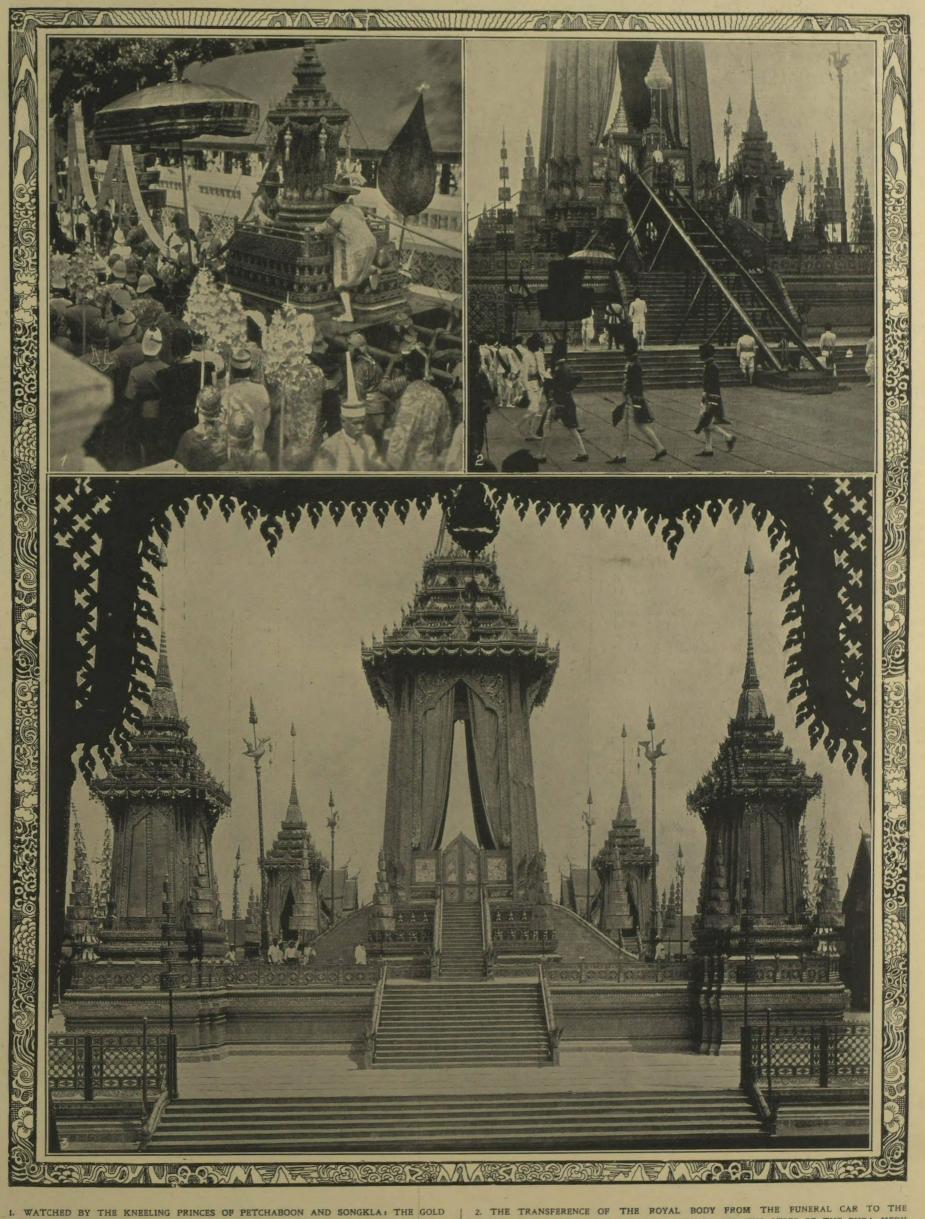
shall see him as very small. But if we take a turn or two down an English lane, and see the Middle Ages as an ancient and rich civilisation, creative and systematic, with fruitful sciences and masterful arts — then we shall see him as gigantic.

Numerous other instances, of course, could be given. An intelligent boy reading at school of the quarrel between St. Thomas Becket and Henry II. naturally sympathises, on the whole, with the latter: the King seems at worst an impatient man of action; the saint seems at best an aggravating sacerdotalist. Let the boy shut the History of England, and open (let us say) the poems of Chaucer, written by an ordinary Englishman for Kings and Queens not so very long after the King was scourged in the cathedral. He will have great difficulty in making head or tail of the world in which he finds himself. He will find himself in a mediæval England in which every man, woman, and child utterly and entirely takes it for granted that St. Thomas justly opposed the King, as utterly and entirely as that St. George justly opposed the Dragon. The same bewildering impression which the boy would find in Chaucer he would also find in Canterbury. These atmospheres never depend upon any detail, and are always impossible to describe; but he will feel the whole cathedral rising like one roar of unanimous assent, the very stones crying out that the blood of a just man was shed. These are things that modern books of history do not explain. You must steep yourself in the atmosphere of many old towns and old books before you begin to understand them.

So there hangs over all England this singular double impression of political history and of popular institution. Men who are remembered only for their cruelties in Hume or Hallam, are remembered only for their charities in Somerset or Sussex. From the marches of Scotland to the old kingdom of Cornwall, the English soil is loaded with the pieties of blasphemers, with the almsgiving of oppressors, with the ascetical enthusiasms of gluttons and drunkards, with the high artistic culture of barbarians. William Rufus perished in Hampshire by his hunting, but he remains at Westminster

by his building. Henry VII. hammered together a huge machine of practical despotism; nothing remains of him but a chapel. It looks as if there were a whole aspect of the lives of these people that is perpetually overlooked in dealing with them; and, indeed, such an oversight is common enough in the criticism of human life. I fancy (as I said last week in connection with Mormonism) that we must begin to fill in these void places in history with the vivid, though invisible, thoughts of the men that worked there; otherwise it will be like watching men dancing and not hearing the tune.

THE CREMATION OF THE BODY OF CHULALONGKORN I. OF SIAM.



- 1. WATCHED BY THE KNEELING PRINCES OF PETCHABOON AND SONGKLA: THE GOLD AND JEWELLED COFFER CONTAINING THE EMBALMED BODY OF CHULALONGKORN I. IN THE CREMATION PROCESSION.
 - PLACE OF CREMATION: THE "SLIPWAY" OVER THE STEPS OF THE PHRA MERU UP WHICH THE COFFER WAS DRAWN.
- 3. VIEWED FROM THE PAVILION FROM WHICH THE KING OF SIAM WATCHED THE BURNING OF HIS FATHER'S BODY: THE PHRA MERU, THE PLACE OF CREMATION; SHOWING THE CORNER TOWERS FOR THE PRIESTS.

King Chulalongkorn I, of Siam died on the 23rd of October of last year, and on the day following took place the ceremony of drinking water in token of allegiance to his successor, Maha Vajiravudh. The dead ruler left a rescript saying that the wasteful expenditure on royal cremations was not in accord with the modernity of his country, and ordered that in his case the usual ceremonies should not be observed. Nevertheless, when his embalmed body

was cremated at Bangkok on the 17th of March, considerable display was evident. The funeral car was drawn by two hundred and twenty men clad in scarlet. The Phra Meru was a most beautiful structure. First of the royal mourners walked the present King, wearing Field - Marshal's uniform. His Majesty may be seen in the second of our photographs, standing to the left of the centre tower, close to the umbrella -[PHOTOGRAPHS BY R. LENZ AND CO.]



THE RT. HON. C. HOBHOUSE, M.P., Secretary to the Treasury, who has had to Answer many Questions regarding

the Financial

Secretary to the Treasury, in the absence of his chief, Mr. Lloyd George, has had to bear the brunt of a fire of questions in the House of Commons regarding recent Govern-

returned with a majority of five over the Liberal, Dr. Alfred Hazel, LL.D.

the figures of the poll being 5046 to 5041. In January 1910 Lord Lewisham obtained 5672 votes to Dr. Hazel's 4937; and in 1906 Lord Lewisham

was defeated. He is the eldest son and heir of the

Mr. James McIver MacLeod, his Majesty's Consul at Fez (since April 1908) was born in

1866. He was appointed Vice-Consul at Fez in

1892, and accompanied

Earl of Dartmouth.

strain considerably, and early this week was advised to take a short holiday. Mr. Percy Illingworth, a Junior Lord of the Treasury, meanwhile representing the Department in the House until Mr. Lloyd George's return. Mr. Hobhouse has sat for East Bristol since 1900, George's return. Mr. Hobhouse has sat for East Bristol since and has been Under-Secretary for the Colonies and for India.

Since the last General Election there have been an unusual number of petitions, with several close finishes, the most recent being that at West Bromwich. At the last General Election Viscount Lewisham, the Unionist candidate, was



MR. JAMES M. MACLEOD,

The British Consul at Fez; who has been there during the Siege.

Sir Ernest Satow's Mission to the Moorish Court-acting as interpreter—from November 1894 to April 1895. Mr. MacLeod was appointed one of the Consular Magistrates of the Court, constituted in 1908 under the Algeciras Act, for the trial of actions against the State Bank of Morocco.



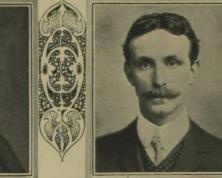
THE LATE MR. C. WERTHEIMER, The Well-known Art-Dealer.

It is expected that the sale of the art collections of the late Mr. Charles Wertheimer will realise a sum even greater than that obtained either at the Hamilton Palace sale of 1882, which fetched £397,562, or that of the Spitzer sale in Paris in 1893, which brought in about £400,000. Mr. Wertheimer, in his will, after making various family provisions, gives large bequests to several charities, including the Jewish Board of Guard-

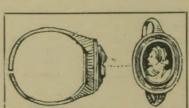
ians, the London Hospital, St. Thomas's Hospital, the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, the Evelina Hospital, and the Gordon Boys' Home. Besides his collection of pictures, Mr. Wertheimer left a quantity of jewels, which are estimated to be worth a fortune in themselves.



VISCOUNT LEWISHAM. Whose Election as Unionist Member for West Bromwich has been the Subject of a Petition.



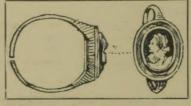
DR. A. E. W. HAZEL, The Liberal Candidate for West Bron wich, who Petitioned against Lord



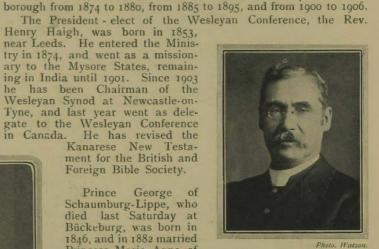
THE BAUBLE WHICH MIGHT HAVE SAVED A QUEEN'S FAVOURITE: THE ESSEX RING, WHICH IS TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION AT

Christik's.

The story runs that Queen Elizabeth gave this ring to the Earl of Essex, telling him that whatever he might do she would pardon him on his returning it to her. She expected to receive it from him after his condemnation. He did, indeed, send it to her, but it was not delivered, and the Queen, not knowing this, agreed to the Earl's death. Later, she heard the truth, and "At last she died with hunger and with grief, because she had consented to the death of a lover who had applied to her for mercy."



CHRISTIE'S.



MR. J. T. AGG-GARDNER, M.P.,

The Newly Elected Unionist Member for

Cheltenham.

THE REV. HENRY HAIGH, President-Elect of the Wesleyan Conference.

Cavalry, and fought in the
Franco - German War of 1870 as a member of the
Staff of the 7th Army Corps, being present at the
battles round Metz. He is succeeded in the Principality of Schaumburg-Lippe, which lies between Hanover and the Weser, by his eldest son, Prince Adolf.

At Buckingham Palace on Tuesday the King pre-sented a number of medals for heroism. Among the recipients were the volunteer crew organised by Father O'Shea, of Ardmore, County Waterford, who gallantly put out in a boat during a fierce gale to the rescue of the ailing - boat Teaser, of Montrose, wrecked in Ardmore Bay in March. The wreck was illustrated in our Issue of April 1. The boat succeeded in reaching the ship, but

Princess Marie Anne of

Saxe-Altenburg. He was

a Prussian General of

Gathered on the

same platform were Mr. Asquith and Mr. Balfour,

the Archbishop of

Canterbury, and the Roman Catho-

lic Archbishop of

Mr. J. T. Agg-Gardner was returned at the Cheltenham election last week, defeating Major Lewis Mathias, brother of Mr. Richard Mathias, the late Liberal member, who was unseated on petition. Mr. Agg-Gardner, who is a native of Cheltenham, and has been its Mayor, has contested eight elections

there since 1868, and has been four times elected. He represented the

Westminster, the Chief Rabbi, Dr Clifford, the Rev. R. J. Campbell, and the Rev. F. B. Meyer.

By a margin of only four votes,



Photo. Reichard and Lindner THE LATE PRINCE OF SCHAUM-BURG - LIPPE,

Who Died at Bückeburg last Saturday. the three men on board died from the effects of exposure on the way to the shore, the gallant priest administering the last sacraments to them. The two coastguardsmen, Samuel Husk and Samuel Guppy, received the Edward Medal for their heroism in connection with the life-boat disaster near St. Davids.



DECORATED BY THE KING ON TUESDAY FOR GALLANTRY: COASTGUARDSMEN SAMUEL HUSK AND SAMUEL GUPPY. When the life boat "Gem" was wrecked in Ramsey Sound last October, after rescuing the crew of a ketch, Coastguardsmen Guppy and Husk, with Sydney Mortimer, a fisherman (also decorated), went to the rescue in a boat, saving fifteen men.

Partisanship-both political and religious-was set aside in the cause of peace at the Guildhall last week, when the Lord Mayor, Sir T. Vezey Strong, convened his great meeting to discuss Anglo-American Arbitration.

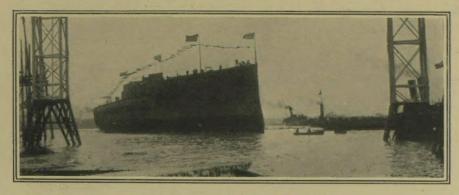


CREEDS AND PARTIES RECONCILED IN THE CAUSE OF PEACE: THE LORD MAYOR'S MEETING AT THE GUILDHALL ON ANGLO-AMERICAN ARBITRATION. In front (beginning with the second figure and reading from left to right) are: Lord Strathcona, Mr. Asquith, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Mayor (in the chair), Mr. Balfour, Lord Aberdeen, and Lord Halsbury.



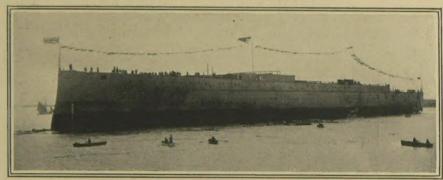
DECORATED BY THE KING ON TUESDAY: SEVEN OF THE VOLUNTEER CREW LED BY FATHER O'SHEA AT THE ARDMORE SHIPWRECK. From left to right, the names are: (standing) William Harris, John O'Brien, Patrick Power, and Daniel Lawton: (sitting) Richard Barry, Father O'Shea, and Alexander Neal. Cornelius O'Brien was also of the crew.

"DREADNOUGHTS" OF SEA AND SKY: POWERS REVEALED AND HIDDEN.



THE LAUNCH OF THE TWENTIETH BRITISH "DREADNOUGHT", THE "CONQUEROR," WHICH BELONGED TO THE "CONTINGENT" PROGRAMME FOR 1909 - 10.

The "Conqueror," which was laid down on April 5 of last year, and is to be completed for sea by the end of next March, is a sister of the "Thunderer," the "Monarch," and the "Orion." She is 545 feet long and 88'5 feet in beam. Her armament will consist of ten 13'5 guns in five centre-line turrets, and twentyfour four-inch 31-pounder quick-liring guns, grouped round the bases of the funnels for the repulsion of torpedo attacks.



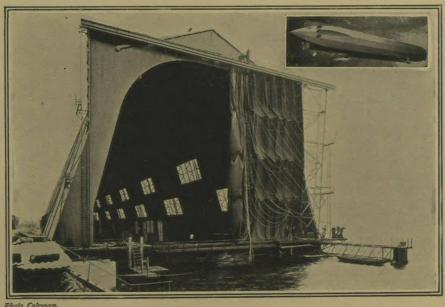
THE LAUNCH OF A CRUISER MORE POWERFUL THAN THE WHOLE OF NELSON'S FLEET: THE "PRINCESS ROYAL" AFTER TAKING THE WATER.

The great battle-ship cruiser "Princess Royal" was launched by the Princess Royal on Saturday of last week. At the luncheon, the Duke of Fife pointed out that if the vessel could have been at Trafalgar she could have sunk unaided the whole of Nelson's fleet. Our naval captains, he said, were armed with mysterious powers which in Nelson's time would have suggested witchcraft. On the same occasion the Princess inspected "Navy Air-ship No. 1"



AN UNUSUAL INCIDENT AT A LAUNCH: EMPLOYEES AT MESSRS. VICKERS' THROWING DAFFODILS FROM THE LAUNCHING-PLATFORM TO THE CROWD AS SOUVENIRS OF THE LAUNCH OF THE "PRINCESS ROYAL."

Our Correspondent writes: "After the 'Princess Royal' had taken the water, it occurred to some of Vickers' employees that the daffodils with which the launching platform was profusely decorated would serve as mementos of the occasion. The general public, which at Barrow consists largely of the families of men in the service of Vickers and Co., had been admitted into the shipyard. Some of the workmen, climbing on to the staging of the platform, took down the festoons and scattered the flowers amongst the crowd below, who caught them as they fell."-[Drawn By S. Begg.]





WHERE "NAVY AIR-SHIP No. 1" WAS BUILT IN SECRET, AND WHERE SHE IS HOUSED: THE GREAT SHED FOR THE BRITISH NAVY'S FIRST DIRIGIBLE.

It will be remembered that we illustrated the British Navy's first dirigible in our Issue of February 25 of this year. We reproduce in miniature that part of the drawing which shows the great balloon. We give, further, two photographs of the great shed in which this "parent ship of air-ships" has been built under the Official Secrets Act, and in which it is housed, guarded night and day by sentries of Royal Marines from the Hermione. It is understood that the first trial will take place soon, and that if

all is well the dirigible will be seen at the Coronation Naval Review. A large enclosed sheet of water, approximately half a mile long on each side, was selected at the Cavendish Dock, Barrow-in-Furness, for the shed for the housing of this air-ship. The building had to be erected over water, the foundations for one side built in the sloping pitching of the dock embankment, and the other side founded on the actual dock bottom. It is 600 feet long, 100 feet wide, and 80 feet high from water level to ridge of roof.

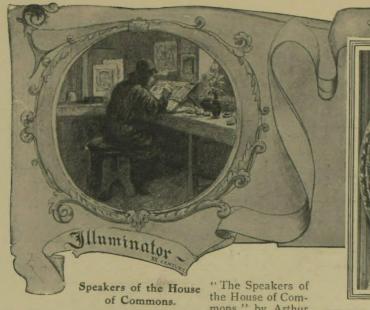
MODERN INTEREST IN THE DANCES OF THE ANCIENTS.



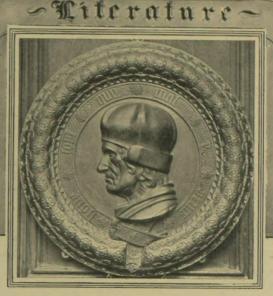
RIVAL TO THE CLASSIC GREEK IN SEEKING PUBLIC FAVOUR: A DANCE OF OLD EGYPT AT THE LITTLE SUNDAY CLUB.

During the past year or two there have been many proofs that the public are taking keen interest in the dances of ancient times as rendered by various artists of to-day. Favour was first sought for the dances of ancient Greece; then came the Oriental, headed by the "Salome" dance; now follow the dances of old Egypt. Some were

given recently at the Little Sunday Club, at the Little Theatre, by Sent M'Ahesa, who danced The Cymbal Dance, The Demon of Death Dance, and The Sword Dance. The last named is here illustrated. It depicts the dream of an Egyptian warrior, who sees victory, in the form of an Egyptian girl, dancing with the sisters of three of his enemies.



mons," by Arthur Irwin Dasent (the Bodley Head), would be valuable if it contained only the illustrations. These include a portrait of every Speaker where one is known to exist; and in view of their range of date from the close of the four-teenth century to the present time, the historical and decorative importance of the subjects and the various forms of portraiture, they make—as Mr. John Lane says. in a note—a veritable pageant of English History. Mr. Dasent's own work, students and all interested in Parliament will be exceedingly grateful. He himself has spent the greater part of his days as a clerk in the service of the House of Commons, and his duties there, instead of chilling him, have increased the love of Westminster which was natural to one horn under the shadow of which was natural to one born under the shadow of the Abbey. Even the ordinary library-reader will spend



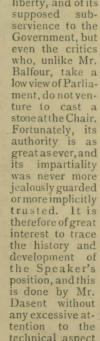
BUILDER OF THE GATEHOUSE OF LINCOLN'S INN IN CHANCERY LANE: SIR THOMAS LOVELL, SPEAKER IN 1485. FROM THE BRONZE MEDALLION BY TORREGIANO IN HENRY VII.'S CHAPEL WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

"At Bosworth there had fought by his [Henry VII.] side Sir Thomas Lovell, of ancient lineage in Norfolk. . . . The King showed his appreciation by making him Chancellor of the Exchequer for life. . . . A Bencher also of Lincoln's Inn. he deserves to be remembered as the builder of the gate-house in Chancery Lane . . . in 1518 . . . the oldest building in any of the Inns of Court."

The Illustrations on this Page are reproduced from "The Speakers of the House of Commons," by Arthur Irwin Dagent, with Notes and Illustrations by John Lane, and a Portrait of every Speaker where one is known to exist. By Courtesy of the Publisher, Mr. John Lane.

common sense, and humour. Much is said by the pessimists in our time of the decadence of the House,

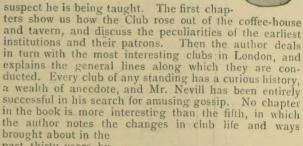
of its decreasing liberty, and of its supposed subtechnical aspect of the story. The Commons' first



known place of assembly apart from the Lords was, as the author says, the Painted Chamber in the Palace at Westminster. Several Abbots extended to them the use of the Chapter House, and they met also in the great Refectory, but subsequently they returned to chambers in the Palace, and from 1547 they occupied St. Stephen's Chapel. After a fire, however, in 1512, they had removed temporarily to Black Friars, and it was official. that Sir Thomas More was chosen Speaker. An official

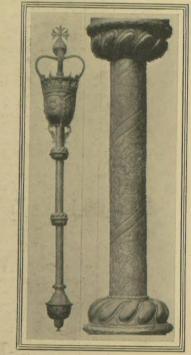
residence for the Speaker was provided in the Palace in Addington's time, and he seems to have taken up his abode there in 1795, the crypt of St. Stephen's, which had been formerly used as a coal-cellar, being converted into a State diningroom. Fire having destroyed the old Houses in 1834, Parliament met next year in temporary places, the Lords in a room on the site of the Painted Chamber and the Commons in an apartment to the south of Westminster Hall. Gladstone made his maiden speech in the old chapel of St. Stephen's; but Disraeli's "The time will come when you shall hear me!" was uttered in the temporary building in use until 1852.

If the history of London Clubs. Clubland was to be written it could not hope to find a more capable historian than Mr. Ralph Nevill. His" Lon-don Clubs, their History and Treasures" (Chatto and Windus), is not only a work embodying considerable research, but it has all the added interest that the facilities afforded by Clubland's authorities can supply, and is written in the bright and happy fashion that makes for pleasant reading. Mr. Nevill deals with history without being dull, and contrives to teach without allowing the reader



Bookbinder -

brought about in the past thirty years by the building of the great palaces in Pall Mall and Piccadilly. Everything has changed since the days when George Augustus Sala de-fined a club as "a weapon used by savages to keep the white woman at a distance. Women have their own clubs, and the old - fashioned, secluded club-life of middle-aged man is breaking down in these days of motorcars, golf, restaurants, and music-halls. The restaurant competes with the club dining-room, the hotel competes with the club bedroom, the causes of which so many London clubs were the direct effect have long disappeared. But while the club is no longer a necessity of social life it contrives to increase year by year in numbers and influence. Mr. Nevill tells us there are at least two hundred in town just now, with an aggregate membership of more than two hundred



THE SUCCESSOR OF CROMWELL'S "FOOL'S BAUBLE"; THE SPEAKER'S MACE.

"The existing mace of the House of Commons dates from Sir Harbottle Grimston's Speakership [1660]. The earlier 'fool's bauble,' removed by Cromwell, was made in 1649." On the right is a section of the mace enlarged.

Reproduced from "The Speakers of the House of Commons."

thousand, while sixty or seventy years ago there were about thirty clubs, and a hundred years ago few more than a thousand clubmen in all London. On the other hand, men do not use their clubs as they did; for sentimental reasons they pay subscriptions to houses they use so seldom that they risk being challenged by the hall porter.



"In Reache cam Cara Well monattery with Wellimmeter hall

IN THE DAYS OF THE SPEAKER WHO GAVE UP HIS CHAIR TO CHARLES I. ON A MEMORABLE OCCASION: WESTMINSTER AS SPEAKER LENTHALL KNEW IT. FROM HOLLAR'S ETCHING OF NEW PALACE YARD

William Lenthall was Speaker in 1640, 1647, 1654, 1659, and 1660. He presided over the Long Parliament, and was in the chair when Charles I. came down to the House to arrest the five members. "His Majesty . . . went up to the chair, and said, 'By your leave, Mr. Speaker, I must borrow your chair a little'; whereupon the Speaker came out of the chair, and his Majesty stepped into it." The answer given by Speaker Lenthall when the King asked him where the five members were is famous in history.

Reproduced from " The Speakers of the Hou

many hours pleasantly over the anecdotes and vivid biographical details in the book, while those who care to study constitutional changes will find much information in the narrative which links Peter de Montfort, of the thirteenth century, with the Speaker who at the present day rules the House of Commons with impartiality,



THE SPEAKER WHO INVENTED THE CENSUS: SPEAKER ABBOT IN THE CHAIR -- AND ADDINGTON ADDRESSING THE HOUSE.

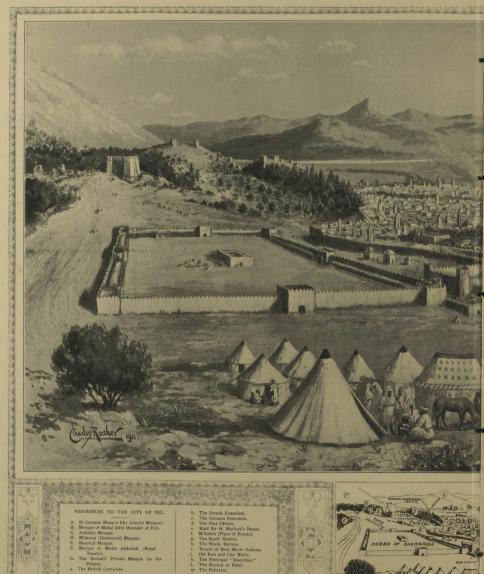
FROM A SKETCH BY JAMES GILLRAY, CIRCA 1803. Reproduced from " The Speakers of the House of Com



WHERE HIS EYE IS CAUGHT BY THE CONGREGATION: SIR THOMAS HUNGERFORD, SPEAKER, 1376 - 7.
FROM A STAINED-GLASS WINDOW IN FARLEIGH HUNGERFORD CHURCH, WILTSHIRE

"The earliest Speaker of whom we have any kind of portrait is Sir Thomas Hungerford, who was also the first 'Speaker for the Commons' mentioned on the rolls." His "daring speech to the throne calling the King's [Edward III.] attention to various grievances" is "the first recorded utterance of the House of Commons to find public expression through the mouth of its responsible president." Reproduced from "The Speakers of the House of Commons."

THE FOCUS OF EUROPEAN ANXIETY FOR MANY



THE CITY WHICH IT WAS FEARED MIGHT PROVE A SECOND KHARTUM: THE BESIEGED CAPITAL

It was feared at one time that Fez might be captured by the rebel tribes besieging it, and might be the scene of a massacre similar to that which took place at Khartum when Gordon fell. Great anxiety was consequently felt for the safety of the small European colony in the city, which included the French Commander, Colonel Mangin, the Staffs of the various Consulates and the French Dispensary, about a dozen merchants, and some lady missionaries. For many days past, European interest has been concentrated on Fez, and news was anxiously awaited regarding the French flying column recently dispatched from Rabat to the relief of the city, and also as to the efforts of Major Brémond to make his way back to Fez, with his force of Moorish troops that are faithful

DAYS: FEZ, SEEN FROM THE NORTH - WEST.

CHARLES ROSHER.





REFERENCES TO THE OLD PALACE.

OF MOROCCO, TO WHOSE RELIEF THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT SENT A FLYING COLUMN.

to the Sultan Mulai Hafid. The safety of Fez, it was said, depended largely on his success. The news regarding events in Morocco has been somewhat conflicting from day to day, and it was reported at one time that Major Brémond had been killed. He certainly had to fight his way back to Fez. A few days ago it was announced that a rival Sultan, named Mulai el Zin, had been proclaimed, and that he had appointed the French political agent at Mekinez as his Minister of Foreign Affairs, a fact which does not indicate anti-European feelings on the part of the rebels. Fighting has occurred close to the walls of Fez. and an all-day battle took place round the Sultan's palace, the rebels trying to capture an encampment which Mulai Hafid had established outside to protect it.



so accustomed to think of germs as invariably of harmful nature that it is somewhat difficult to awaken fully to a knowledge of the fact that many species are not only helpful to man, but incidentally carry on important phases of Nature's own works and ways. As a matter of fact, so far from microbes being intruders, as it were, in the scheme of things, they fill

a very important niche in the temple of life. Without bacteria, the soil would not be rendered fertile, nor decaying matter resolved into harmless or useful principles. Man takes advantage of this latter feature when he invites microbes to assist him in the disposal of sewage. The bacterial system of sewage-treatment depends on the treatment de treatment depends on the special powers pos-sessed by certain widely diffused germs of splitting up offensive products into inoffensive In the process of cheese making, ones. In the process of cheese-making, in that of making vinegar, and in many other industrial proceedings, microbes play their parts, and very essential parts they often prove to be. Probably the microbes that cause disease are only morbid evolutions from those which to-day, as in the beginnings of life on the clabal wave content to live in air and soil the globe, were content to live in air and soil and water, and to live quietly and respectably as non-pathogenic particles. When certain species transferred their attentions to animals and plants, found life easy, and became corrupt with luxurious feeding on living tissues and fluids, then, probably, the advent and evolution of the disease-producing species took place.

It is doubtful whether, at the start of life, the human being is the landlord of any microbes. Research seems to show that only one bacillus

(B. bisidus) is to be discovered in the digestive system of a breast-fed baby. That the bottle-fed infant, on the

other hand, becomes host to many mi-crobes is a patent fact, and among them may be included the disease - producing tubercle bacillus, derived usually from infected, and, of course, non-sterilised, milk. Clearly, no sooner do we enter upon existence than our bodies become an arena wherein is played out the great game of microbic give-andtake. It is probably bacilli that have become acclimatised to our interior, so to speak, and have learned to do us in-cidentally a service, which are to be regarded as our friends.

Unhappily, there are others, as we all know, which literally bite the hand that feeds them. In grass-eating animals is found a bacterium which takes upon itself the duty of assimilating,

Stonyburst. The place of observation was Vavau, a lofty point in the Tonga or Friendly Islands. or at least rendering digestible, the tough cellulose that forms the stringy parts of plants and the walls of vegetable cells.

FOR PHOTOGRAPHING THE FLIGHT OF BULLETS: THE APPARATUS IN DIAGRAM.

On the right is an electrical machine, in the middle are two Leyden jars, and on the left is a gun and photographic apparatus combined. By turning the handle of the electrical machine, electricity is generated, accumulates in the two jars, and then passes along the wires to the photographic apparatus.

In the course of our own digestion, the lactic acid bacillus turns sugars into that acid, which is a prelimi-nary process to further changes; and then, when the



and usefulness-properly carried out, that isis undeniable. Naturally the mouth, with its temperature, is a hot-house well adapted for microbic growth. That food-poisoning arises from a neglected mouth

cure, like many other modes of treatment, has

had its day; that it has a certain basis of fact

is a fixed article in the creed of the modern physician. It is, of course, a belief founded on a very plain and unmistakable fact, and sup-plies us with fresh and powerful argu-ment in favour of strict attention being paid to the hygiene of the mouth Proof the mouth. Pro-bably we are saved a good deal of trouble by the internecine war which goes on among microbes. They are always fighting one another.
The supposed purifying influence of the dirty water of the Ganges, a belief held in India, is found actually to be due to the fact that,

ANDREW WILSON.



CINEMATOGRAPHY EXTRAORDINARY: BULLETS PHOTOGRAPHED IN FLIGHT.

Opposite the photographic plate is a spark space—that is, two points with a space between them over which electric sparks can pass. Contact is set up when the upright strips of tin, seen on the extreme left of the photograph showing the apparatus, are struck by the first shot. At that instant a light flares up and the flight of the shots that follow the first one is recorded on the plate.

[Continued below.]

gastric juice begins to be fully secreted, this process ceases. The lactic-acid microbe seems, by the way, to be constantly present in the stomach, and it is probably

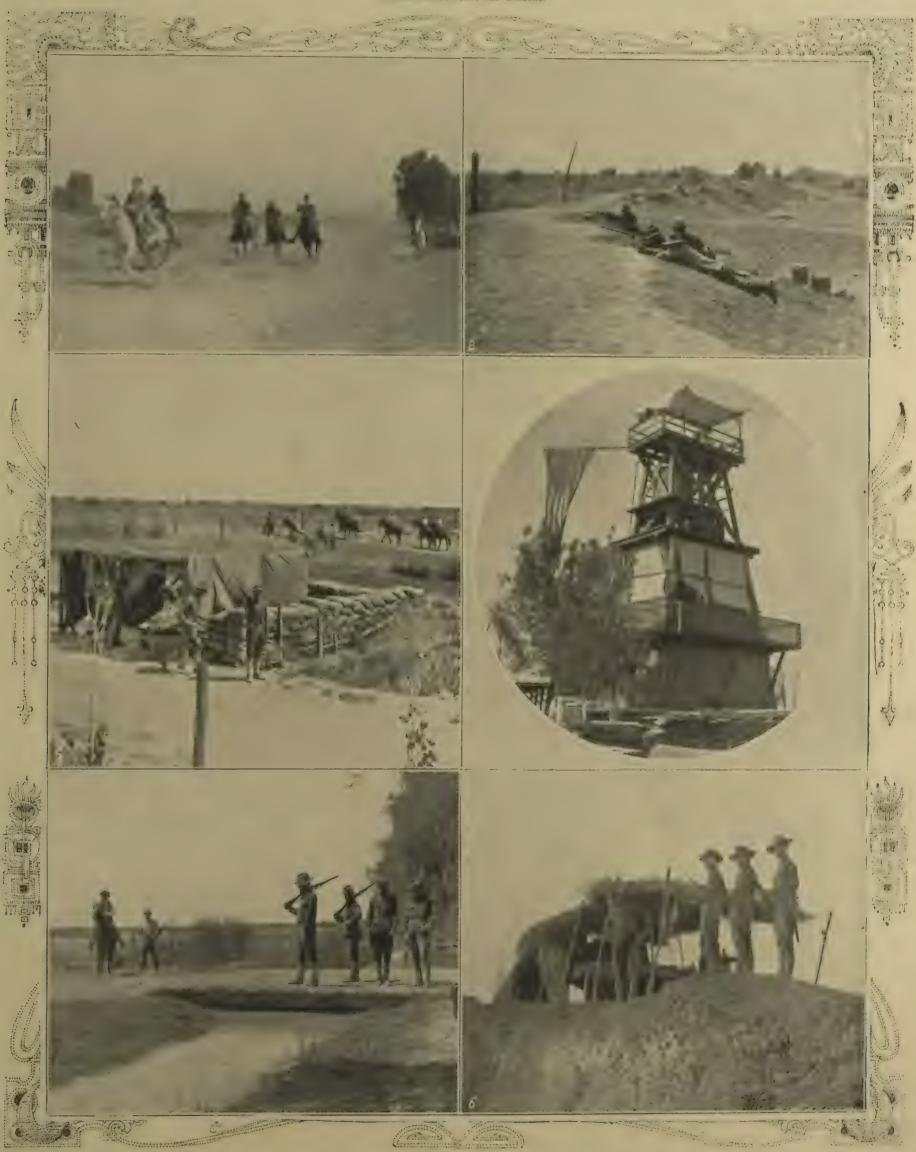
at Benares particularly, bacteria exist, such as sweep out of existence all rivals—the cholera and typhoid bacilli included.

Andrew Wilson.

CINEMATOGRAPHY EXTRAORDINARY: ANOTHER PHOTOGRAPH OF BULLETS IN FLIGHT. Each shot is preceded by an air-wave, which appears on the photographic plate. In the photographs here reproduced the upright pieces of tin are seen on the right, while on the left is the wad of the cartridge. The shots from the cartridge are seen travelling from left to right. In the lower photograph, it will be noticed, one of the shots has penetrated the contact-tins: the air-waves in front of it appear on the photographic plate forming a large circle, The experiments here illustrated were made in Germany.

WHERE THE UNITED STATES FACE MEXICO: REVOLUTION SCENES.

PHOTOGRAPHS BY SPORT AND GENERAL.



- KEEPING THE PEACE IN WAR-TIME: United STATES TROOPS CHASING TWO MEN CAUGHT ATTEMPTING TO CROSS THE FRONTIER FROM MEXICO.
- 2. NEAR THE SPOT AT WHICH SIXTY AMERICANS FIGHTING FOR THE REBELS WERE KILLED: INSURRECTO SOLDIERS IN RIFLE-PITS EAST OF MEXCALA.
- 3. THE WATCHERS AND THE WATCHED: AN AMERICAN PICKET OUT-POST ON THE MEXICAN FRONTIER (IN THE FOREGROUND), AND, ACROSS THE FRONTIER, MOUNTED INSURRECTOS.
- 4. SPYING OUT THE LAND: UNLIED STATES OFFICERS ON A TOWER WATCHING THE MOVEMENT OF TROOPS IN AND ABOUT MEXCALA.
- 5. Some on Prace Duty, and One on War Duty: Men of a United States Picket on the Frontier (in the Foreground), and, across the Frontier, One of an insurrecto Picket.
- 6. ON THE MORNING ON WHICH THE INSURRECIOS FOUGHT THE FEDERALS UNDER COLONEL MAYOT: UNITED STATES PICKETS WATCHING INSURRECIOS LEAVE MEXCALA ON APRIL 8.

During the insurrection in Mexico there has been a tendency among some of the inhabitants of the United States on the Mexican border to regard the affair, if not exactly as an opérabouffe war, at any rate as an interesting spectacle provided by a kind fortune for their entertainment. At some places on the frontier there have even taken place what have been described as "battle tea-parties," and souvenir-collectors have offered high prices for such things as motor-cars damaged by bullets in the fighting. In some cases the position of the spectators has been one of considerable danger. For example, during an engagement which ended in the capture of Agua Prieta by the ribels, two people were killed and several were wounded by stray bullets in the town of Douglas. The two Americans who were killed had gone out to see the fighting. The American of icers on the frontier were

instructed to do a'l they could to prevent a conflict on American soil, and avoid anything that might be construed into an invasion of Mexico. Douglas is just over the frontier opposite Agua Prieta, and it is said that the bullets fired towards it came, by an irony of fate, from a company of rebe's composed in part, if not very largely, of American citizens who had joined the Mexican rebels. Some of the trenches dug by the rebels were within a stone's throw of the United States border. At Mexical, it will be recalled, General Stanley Williams, commanding a revolutionary force of eighty Americans, attempted to take by assault an entrenched position held by five hundred Mexican troops under Colonel Mayor. Only twenty men of the attacking force lived to tell the tale. General Williams, formerly a Quartermaster in the United States Army, was fatally wounded.



SIR HENRY CRAIK, M.P., Whose "Life of the Earl of Clarendon" is to be published by Messrs. Smith, Elder and Co. ANDREW LANG ON A TALE OF A FOX, AND THE FAMOUS ANNESLEY CASE.

MR. BERNARD HOLLAND, Whose "Life of the Duke of Devon-shire," is to be published by Messrs. Longmans, Green and Co.

WE all differ much as to our natural attitude of mind towards narratives of extraordinary personal experiences, told to us at first hand by the witness. Some men and women seem to be born with a strong tendency to disbelieve in everything of which they themselves have had no experience. Others, of whom I am one, are apt to believe; that is our first impulse.

Of course both sets are often found to be in the wrong. But the former set, the determined sceptics, are a dull, prag-matic set; the greater the number of extraordinary things that may happen, the more entertaining is this world of ours.

There have been amusing letters on this subject in that learned journal, *Nature*, during March and April. Professor Hughes drew attention to a singular anecdote narrated to him by a Mr. Day, whose pursuits are agricultural. Mr. Day and his father were lying (July 1843) once in a remote rural place, when they observed a fox conducting himself in a popular manner himself in a peculiar manner.

He was collecting tufts of sheep's wool from a hedge. These he carried in his mouth. Coming to a place where two brooks met, he let himself down, brush foremost, into the water of the pool, so that all of him was submerged except his nose and mouth, that reposed on the bank. He remained for some time in this posture, then, leaving his collection of wool on the bank, he ran away, shaking himself as a dog does when he comes out of the water.

The two Days had the curiosity to examine the wool, which they found to be full of fleas. The fox had driven



BEEF AND LIBERTY! THE ORIGINAL BADGE OF THE SUBLIME SOCIETY OF BEEFSTEAKS.

"The Sublime Society of Beefsteaks [was] founded about 1735. . . . The President was invested with the badge of the Society by the Boots."

youth, fifty' years ago, but thought it

a myth. Professor Hughes, writing again, quotes the same a myth. Professor Hughes, writing again, quotes the same story of the habits of the fox, from the famous work on Iceland by Olaus Magnus, published in 1555. The only difference is that the learned Olaus describes the fox as making use of a bundle of soft hay, not of wool. Mr. Hughes adds that foxes occasionally visit at hens' houses and hedgehogs' earths, which are fleasome places.

The sceptic will say that the whole story is folk-lore merely, and that Mr. Day, obviously a very old man, has dreamed that he saw what he had only heard in common rural talk. For my part, the experience would remain, I think, in a boy's memory.

Mr. Hughes has a story of his own about a strange performance of a trout; he saw the occurrence, and cannot explain it. As a boy, I saw something much "curiouser" (not in the way of goblin, ghost, or fairy), which I ought to reserve for *Nature*.

In studying the famous Annesley case of 1742, I encounter the wildest vagaries of evidence. The question was, Had Lord Altham, in 1715, a son by his wife? There was fierce cross-swearing. Lady Altham's maid swore that her mistress never, from 1713 to her death, had the ghost of a symptom of approaching maternity.

This statement, at least, was disproved. But a gallant officer, Major Fitzgerald, swore that, one day in 1715, Lord Altham begged him to come and share "the groaning drink." Next day Lord Altham wrote that a boy was born;



"THE NEW. PANDEMONIUM": CROCKFORD'S - NOW THE DEVONSHIRE CLUB - IN 1828.

"The Devonshire Club was once a magnificent Temple of Chance, over which presided the celebrated Crockford . . . Upon the opening of the club-house [in 1827] it was described as 'the New Pandemonium.' . . . Crockford, next to the late M. Blanc, of Monte Carlo fame, was probably the most efficient manager of a gambling establishment who ever existed."

them by his bath out of his body into the wool. Now, do you believe this anecdote of sagacity, of reason, in the fox? I do!

But there is more evidence for this guile of Reynard, whether we think that the additional testimony tends to that the additional testimony tends to improve or to damage that of the Days. The belief that the fox does practise this ruse is old and wide-spread. Mr. Meldrum points out that Allan Ramsay speaks of the trick as a matter of common knowledge in his pastoral." The Gentle Shepherd," published in the lished in 1725.

I must translate the Scots of Allan, to the ruin of his rhymes: "Tod Lowrie" is a Scots term for a fox—

As fast as fleas skip to the tuft of. wool
Which sly Tod Lowrie holds without his mouth,
When he to drown them and his hips

to cool, In summer days slides backwards in a

Mr. Grey writes that he several times

heard the same story of the fox in his

COPIED PARTLY FROM THE FARNESE PALACE AT ROME: THE INTERIOR OF THE REFORM CLUB.

"The Reform is mostly Italian in style, copied by Barry in some respects from the Farnese Palace at Rome, designed by Michael Angelo. The chief feature of the interior is a hall running up to the top of the building, an Italian cortile surrounded by a colonnade, half Ionic and half Corinthian."



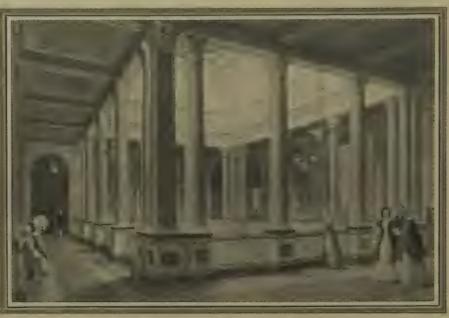
THE "RAG": THE ARMY AND NAVY CLUB-COPIED FROM A VENETIAN PALACE.

"The Army and Navy Club, in Pall Mall, known as 'The Rag,' possesses one of the finest club-houses in the world... built as a copy of the Palazzo Rezzonico at Venice... Captain William Duff, of the 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, first lovented the nickname of the 'Rag.'... Coming in to supper late one night, the refreshment obtainable appeared so meagre that he nicknamed the club the 'Rag and Famish.'"

Major Fitzgerald rode over, saw the child, and gave half-a-guinea to the nurse, a very handsome woman, whom he saw that day in Court (1742). The nurse was not put in the witness-box by either party.

This is cross-swearing, but something still more curious follows. A full report of the trial was published in London, in 1744. We have also the report in "State Trials," Volume XVII., published in 1813. This version, the editor says, is corrected from a previous faulty version, by aid of the book of 1744.

As a rule, that book and the report in "State Trials" are verbally iden-tical. But when we come to the speech of the leading counsel for the defendant, the Earl of Anglesea, these two versions differ absolutely. In the book of 1744, Mr. Prime Serjeant Malone adopts argument against the evidence of Major Fitzgerald which is absolutely contrary to his argument as given in "State Trials," when he refers to a date given by the Major which does not appear in his testimony in either version. Who can decide when versions disagree? And there is a third version!



LONDON CLUBS: THEIR HISTORY AND TREASURES.

By Ralph Nevill. Illustrations Reproduced by Courtesy of the Publishers, Messrs, Chatto and Windus. (See Review on "Literature" Page.)

the Publishers,

THE BATTLE OF THE SEXES AT GOLF: PLAYERS AT STOKE POGES.

SKETCHES BY FRANK REYNOLDS.



LADIES v. GENTLEMEN ON THE LINKS: CONTESTANTS IN THE MOST INTERESTING GOLF MATCH.

A most interesting golf match between twelve ladies and twelve men took place at Stoke Poges on Friday of last week, when the men, who gave their opponents a half-that is, a stroke at every cdd hole-won by sixteen matches to seven. Two rounds of 18 holes each were played, one in the morning and the other in the afternoon, the couples being differently arranged in the second round. In the morning the men won nine games, halved one, and lost two: in the afternoon they won seven games to five. Miss Ravenscroft in the first round beat

Mr. V. A. Pollock by 1 up, and in the second round beat Mr. H. D. Gillies by 3 and 2. Mr. H. H. Hilton lost both his matches, being beaten in the morning by Miss Neil Fraser by 1 up, and in the afternoon by Miss L. Moore by 2 and 1. Six men, including Captain C. K. Hutchison and Mr Bernard Darwin, won both their rounds. Miss D. Chambers was beaten by Mr. H. D. Gillies by 4 and 3. Miss V. Hezlet was beaten in the first round by Mr. H. G. Hutchinson, and in the second round she beat Mr. V. C. Longstaffe.



MUSIC.

THE first week of grand opera at Covent Garden THE first week of grand opera at Covent Garden fulfilled all expectations save one. Mme. Kirkby Lunn was unable, owing to a slight indisposition, to appear as Maddalena in "Rigoletto," to the regret of those who hoped to hear the quartet in the last act under the most favourable conditions. But there was the recollection of the singer's fine performance as Dalila on the previous night to console us. Mme. Tetrazzini's soaring flights, that landed her on the E in alt. at the end of the "Caro nome," were greatly appreciated by those who hold that such feats set the in alt. at the end of the "Caro nome," were greatly appreciated by those who hold that such feats set the crown upon a singer's reputation; and the Rigoletto of Sammarco was beyond all praise. "Pelléas et Mélisande" brought a new Golaud in the person of M. Ghasne, who is perhaps the best exponent of the part we have seen in London. M. Warnery's Pelléas is delightful, but Mme. Edvina suffers from the inevitable comparison with Miss Maggie Teyte, who has entered more deeply into the spirit of this most difficult rôle than any of her contemporaries. A revival of



"A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM," AT HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE: MISS EVELYN D'ALROY AS OBERON AND MISS MARGERY MAUDE AS TITANIA.

the "Ballo in Maschera," with Signor Bassi as Riccardo and a newcomer, Mme. Wilna, as Oscar, has to be noted. This week has witnessed revivals of Charpentier's "Louise" and of "Traviata"; while to-night (May 6) Mme. Kirkby Lunn will take the title-rôle in "Carmen." Down to the time of writing, the performances have done credit to all concerned. and have gone with the smoothness and certainty that we have learned to associate with grand season.

It has been impossible to keep pace with concerts, but some call special notice, however brief. The Ysaye-Pugno recitals are delightful, and the first one attracted a very large audience. The ensemble is perfect, and the sonatas are invested with all possible interest, though it would be idle to claim for the earliest ones that they show the master at his best. The musical thought is charming rather than profound, and when Beethoven started to write for piano and violin he lacked the insight into the possibilities of the combination that he was to acquire later on. The difference in emotional content between the first two and the famous

"Kreutzer" is startling. M. Ysaye and M. Pugno

"A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM," AT HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE: MASTER BURFORD HAMPDEN AS PUCK.

understand each other as intimately as they understand the music they interpret, and no student of piano or violin who can find the opportunity should miss the chance these recitals afford. At the same



"A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL," AT THE GLOBE THEATRE: MISS MADGE TITHERADGE AS PEGGY AND MR. LEWIS WALLER AS RODERICK COLLINGWOOD.

time one would like to hear the two great artists in some more modern work.

Among the other interesting concerts of last week, mention must be made of one given by Mlle. Olga de la Bruyère at Bechstein's. This singer's well-trained voice is of beautiful quality, and she contrived to do justice to songs that make varied demands upon a singer. Miss Leila Duart was only a little less successful in the same hall a few days later; her voice has not quite the same all-round quality, nor has she quite as full a measure of artistic intelligence.

Reuter. He has gained golden opinions on the Continent, and plays on a 'cello by Stradivarius. Another young 'cellist of great attainments, Miss May Mukle, has just given a recital in town.

Sir Henry Wood, who directed the Sheffield Festival last week, has received a flattering offer from New York which will probably deprive London of his valued services for part of the year at least, though at the time of writing he has not announced his acceptance of the offer.

Messrs. Novello are about to issue the score of Sir Edward Elgar's new Symphony (No. 2 in E flat, Opus 63). It will be heard for the first time on the 24th of this month. Mme. Adelina Patti will give a concert on June 1, at the Albert Hall, for the benefit of Mr. Wilhelm Ganz. The musical profession will be supported on this occasion by Miss Ellen Terry, Mr. George Alexander, and others, whose association with George Alexander, and others, whose association with music is less than their interest in a good cause.



IBSEN'S "A DOLL'S HOUSE," AT THE KINGS-WAY THEATRE: MME. LYDIA YAVORSKA AS NORA AND MR. NORMAN TREVOR AS HELMER.

The opera, "Joan of Arc," written by Mr. Raymond Roze, clever son of a brilliant mother, will be given in concert version at the Queen's Hall on the 24th. Mr. Roze will conduct his work, and the title-role will be sung by Miss Maggie Teyte.

Mr. Oscar Hammerstein will probably open his new opera house during the autumn season at Covent He declares that he prepared to conquer with the aid of new operas, or works that are at least new to London, and singers who have yet to establish an English reputa-tion. He is clearly a very bold man. A conversation to be held by him and Mr. Beecham at the close of the first season in the new house would be very interesting, if the two impresarios could be prevailed upon to compare notes.

In honour of the memory of King Edward, who died just a year ago, an "In Memoriam" concert will be given at the Queen's Hall this afternoon (May 6) by the New Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Mr.

Landon Ronald. The programme includes Chopin's Funeral March, the "Pathétique" Symphony of Tchaikovski, and Wagner's "Trauermarsch."

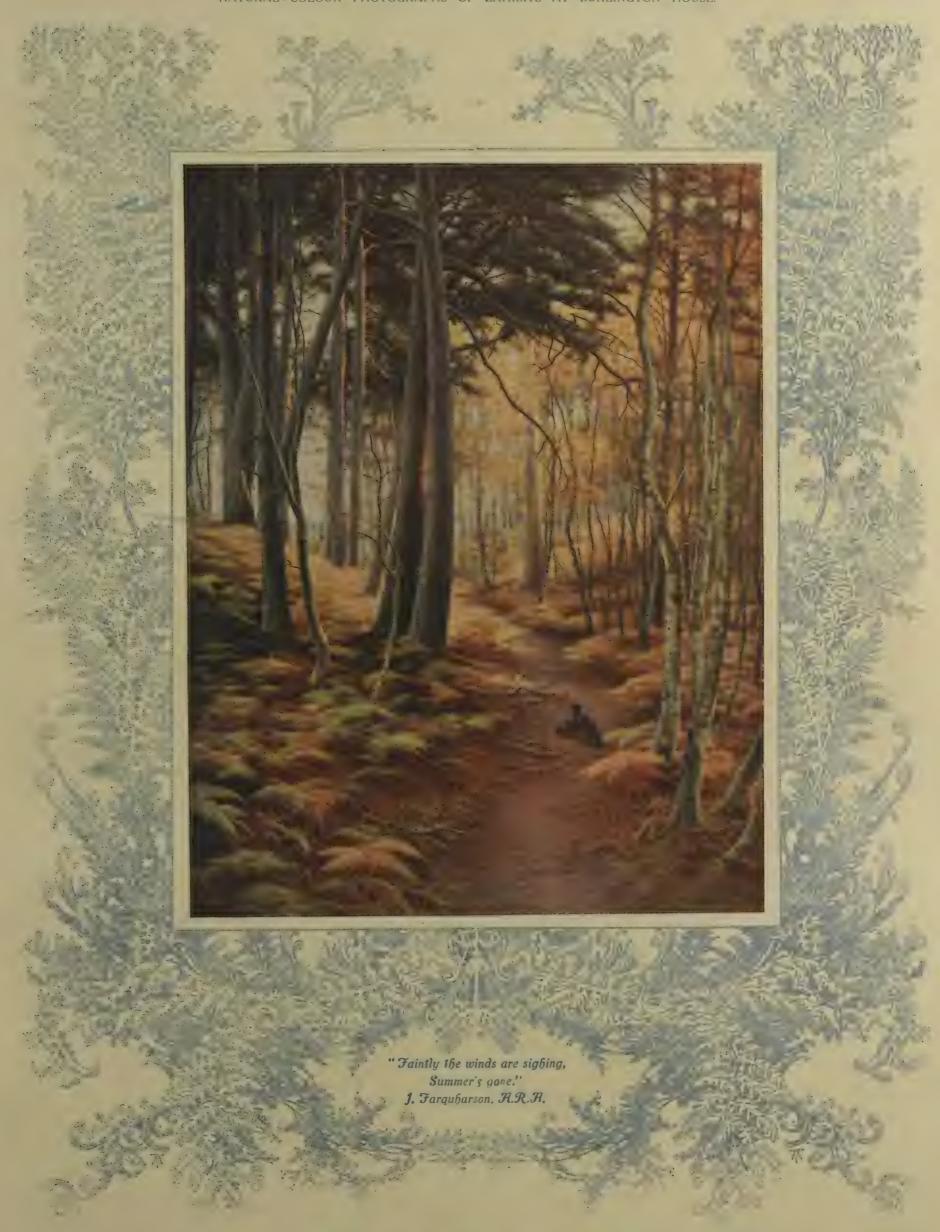


"A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM," AT HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE: THE PLAYERS REHEARSING. Reading from left to right the names are: Mr. Edward Sass as Starveling, Mr. A. E. George as Quince, Mr. Arthur Bourchier as Bottom the Weaver, Mr. Walter R. Creighton as Snug, Mr. E. M. Robson as Flute, and Mr. Edmund Gurney as Snout.

On Monday next Dr. Serge Barjansky, the 'cellist, is to appear at the Queen's Hall with the London Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Dr. Müller

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COURT ANNALS IN PAINT: A HISTORICAL PICTURE AT THE ACADEMY.



CHARLES II. PRESENTING BARBARA PALMER TO THE QUEEN, CATHERINE OF BRAGANZA, HAMPTON COURT, 1662. BY EDGAR BUNDY.

Clarendon relates how the unfortunate lady was carried from the apartment in a fit on painful contest of two months' duration ensued,"

Barbara Palmer, afterwards Countess of Castlemaine and Duchess of Cleveland, was one of discovering the cheat. Such an exhibition of ill-humour seemed to the King to need the favourites of Charles II. "On 18 June" [1662]-we quote the "Dictionary of National reparation. Lady Castlemaine's name was accordingly submitted to the Queen upon a list Biography"-"the Queen was surprised into receiving her rival at Hampton Court, and of ladies designed for her bedchamber. The Queen promptly pricked out the name, and a

PERSONALITIES IN PAINT: PORTRAITS AT THE ROYAL ACADEMY.



- 1. THE VISCOUNTESS INGESTRE AND HER DAUGHTER. J. J. SHANNON, R.A.
- 3. THE MARCHIONESS OF AILESBURY. FRANK DICKSEE, R.A.
- 2. THE LORD RAYLEIGH, O.M. SIR HUBERT VON HERKOMER, R.A.
- 4. The viscount hardings. J. H. F. Bacon, A.R.A.

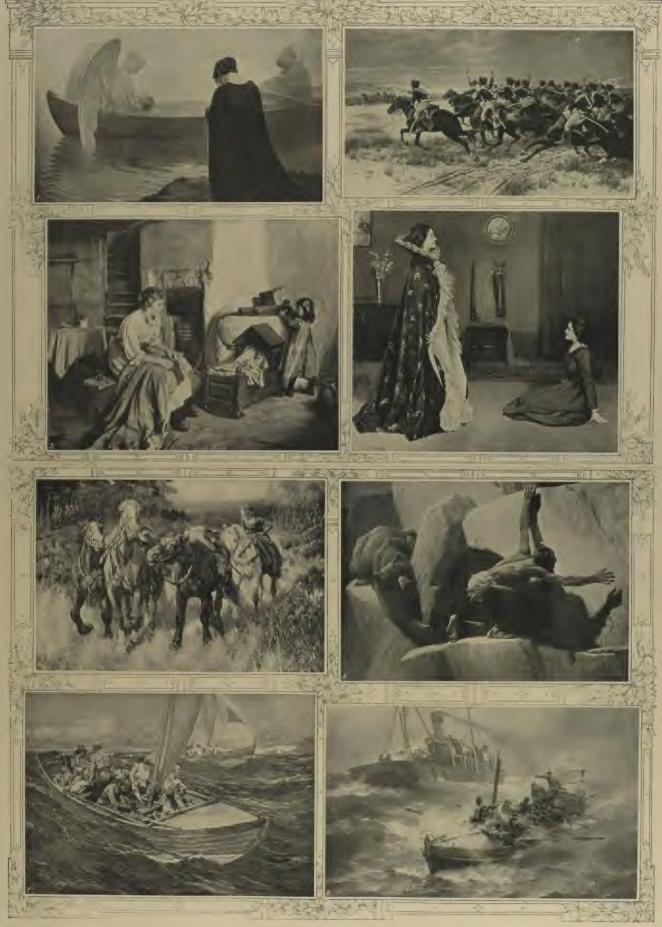
This year's Academy is not so rich in portraiture as some of its predecessors. Mr. Sargent, for instance, exhibits only one, that of the Archbishop of Canterbury. Of the personalities whose portraits we reproduce. Lord Rayleigh is, of course, the famous scientist, ex-President of the Royal Society, and formerly Professor of Experimental Physics at Cambridge. Viscount Hardinge is Colonel of the 7th Battalion Rifle Brigade. He served in the Nile Expedition of 1885.

Matural = Colour Photographs of Royal Academy Pictures: A Mew Development in the Art of Reproduction.



We wish to emphasise the point that this Supplement marks a new development in the reproduction of Royal Academy Pictures in Illustrated Newspapers. For the first time, we have been able to have the paintings photographed in their natural colours, and to have colour - blocks made from these unrouched photographs. The photographs were taken, of course, before the canvases were sent to Burlington House.

AT THE ROYAL ACADEMY: SOME NOTABLE PICTURES.



- I, TO THE UNKNOWN LAND,—E BLAIR LEIGHTON.

 Z. THE TENTH HUSSARS AT BENEVENTE, DEC. 29th.

 1808 (RETREAT ON CORUNNA).—WILLIAM B.

 WOLLEN.

- 3. MATERNITY. WALTER LANGLEY.
 4. THE CRITIC. T. E. MOSTYN.
 5. ENID DRIVING THE ROBBERS HORSES ON BEFORE. ROWLAND WHEELWRIGHT.

THE HUNTER.— J. CHARLES DOLLMAN.
 BIRDS OF PREY.—C. M. PADDAY.
 HELPMATES IN DISTRESS.—BERNARD F. GRIBBLE.

Il Mew Idea: Colour=Photographs of Royal Academy Pictures.



BUCHANANS

Scotch Whisky



66 BLACK & WHITE

BRAND.

LADIES' PAGE.

QUEEN MARY will not follow in every respect the precedent set by Queen Alexandra with regard to the details of the Royal Consort's Coronation. The purple ordered for the Queen's Robe of State is a very rich violet shade—it is, in fact, the true Imperial purple; while Queen Alexandra's train was of a red shade: "ruby purple" is the technical term for the tint. Who knows, by the way, how purple came to be considered the regal colour par excellence? It was, so the learned say, because the rich purple dye was produced in olden days only by the use of a certain small shell-fish found on the coast of Tyre, which was scarce, and therefore costly to obtain in quantity sufficient for the purpose; hence it was a sign of luxury and splendour to own purple "Tyrian" dyed robes, and the colour became the sign of imperial dignity in ancient Rome, as it is of the cardinal's distinction in modern Rome.

In our own royal history, purple is ever the regal colour. The Queen of Richard III. had fifty-six yards of purple velvet in her Coronation dress; and by a sumptuary law of King Henry VIII., everybody not of the royal family was forbidden to wear "cloth of gold or purpure colour." Queen Elizabeth, in the law that she directed against "the immeasurable charges and expenses that men are put to in superfluous appareling, and the confusion also of degrees in all places being great where the meanest are as tichly apparelled as their betters," graciously allowed the use of "cloth of gold or silver tissued, or silke of coulor purple" to Countesses and any of higher rank. It is on record, too, that the French King at the Field of the Cloth of Gold himself wore purple, only brocaded or embroidered with gold. "On Wednesdaye the thirteenth daye of June, 1520, the French Kyng and all his parteners of challenge were araid in purple sattin, broché with gold, and purple velvet, embroidered with little rolles of white satin wherein was written quando, and where was no rolles poudered with the letter L, which in French is she." His garments on the other days were variously adorned, but were always of royal purple, and the varied devices upon them were at length expanded into the romantic motto—"Heart fastened in pain endless when she delivereth me not out of bonds." There will be no making out of polyglot charades embroidered on the royal attire on successive days of this June 1911!

Both the King and the Queen will be clad partially in cloth-of-gold during the Coronation ceremony; this forms the King's "close tunic" and the Queen's dress under her long purple-velvet train. That train is to be carried by six daughters of Earls (four of them, strange to say, are Irish, and one Scotch, leaving but one place for a representative of the girlhood of the nominally "predominant partner" in the United Kingdom); these young ladies are to wear white, with Court head-dresses of feathers and veils. Queen Alexandra had



A FROCK FOR MORNING WEAR.

In cotton voile, trimmed with hemstitching and bands of linen of a contrasting colour, such as green linen with a heliotrope voile. Hat of white Tagel with plume. pages to bear her train, and, from the spectacular point of view, this was perhaps preferable—the lads (all of them Peers or heirs to Peerages) did not distract the vision from the central figure as much as the group of young ladies in their draperies and feathers must necessarily do. Besides, one would expect the youths to be better able to support the weight of the velvet train, which with its gold embroideries must be exceedingly heavy on the wearer's shoulders. But at least the girls will do their best; not like Napoleon's sisters, who were compelled by him to bear Josephine's train at her coronation, and avenged themselves by pulling on it so that she could scarcely reach the altar-steps; the Bonaparte Princesses, too, had train-bearers of their own, and altogether the peor Empress might well have changed her attendants for pages.

The dress of the majority of the lieges of our sex in Coronation year is to be conspicuous for brightness of tint. The use of a touch of black to throw out the contrast or to tone down the exceeding vividness of the pinks, magentas, bright greens, and royal blues is, however, frequent. Scarcely a gown that is of any pretensions that does not secure some slight touch of black at least. The idea is, however, so simple that it will be regarded as banal by the leading designers before we go much farther, I think. For the moment, one can confidently order it. A narrow black velvet belt, or a tiny edge of black velvet to the top of one's collar and the tips of one's cuffs; or tiny, black, ornamental buttons, to be used rather as decoration than as a practical portion of the frock. A band of black velvet tied round the neck, and finished with a small brooch or diamond buckle, relieves the bareness of the throat when a collarband is absent, as it so often is, according to the mode of the moment. A very narrow black velvet ribbon is often worked on a gown, as arabesques or straight bands.

The fortunate users of Lemco—a name which for long has been a household word throughout the Empire—are again given the opportunity of obtaining a valuable present in exchange for Lemco weight coupons. This time it is a set of six massive electro-plate bouillon spoons of the finest Elkington manufacture, guaranteed to wear twenty years, in a handsome satin-lined case, which will be mailed to any Lemco-users who send to the Liebig Co.'s head office, 4, Lloyd's Avenue, London, E.C., before Oct. 31, 1911, Lemco weight coupons (to be found under the capsule of each jar) representing 6 lb. of Lemco, and fourpence in stamps to cover packing and postage. A single spoon can be obtained for coupons representing sixteen ounces' weight of Lemco and one penny in stamps.

An invaluable guide to mothers is a booklet, entitled "The Baby," which will be sent free by post by Messrs. Savory and Moore, 143, New Bond Street, London, W., Chemists to the King. This firm's infants' food is described, and much useful information given.—FILOMENA.



THE CURE FOR SORE THROAT

Everyone who suffers from sore throat should send at once the coupon printed here, which will bring a free supply of Wulfing's Formamint.

This pleasant-tasting, harmless tablet gives immediate relief from the pain of sore throat; cures it rapidly; prevents further attacks; and safeguards the user against catching other infectious diseases like diphtheria, consumption of the lungs, scarlet fever, measles, etc.

Wulfing's Formamint is endorsed by over 6,000 doctors, as well as by thousands of other people like those whose letters are printed opposite. All chemists sell it, price 1s. 11d. per bottle, but insist on Wulfing's, the only genuine Formamint, as its great success has produced many worthless imitations.

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Lord Glantawe writes: "I have been using Wulfing's Formamint for Sore Throat with most satisfactory results."

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Wulfing's Formamint is also used by The Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., The Rt. Hon. Mrs. Alfred Lyttelton, etc., etc.

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THE GREATEST OF ALL CORONATION GIFTS.

'Harlene Hair-Drill' Outfits FR for Every Man and Woman.

Mr. Edwards, the Inventor of "Harlene Hair-Drill," offers free to every British Subject the means of securing PERSONAL CROWN OF BEAUTIFUL HAIR.

Send to-day for your "Harlene Hair-Drill" Outfit, Free by Filling In and Posting the Coupon Below.

The Coronation of Their Gracious Majesties King George and Queen Mary will be marked by a lavish donation of princely presents

Potentates and Philanthropists will vie with each other to devise gifts that will perpetuate the memory of the Coronation Year, but the most remarkable of all gifts during this auspicious period is the one which Mr. Edwards, the inventor of "Harlene Hair-Drill" method of growing and preserving the hair, and the discoverer of "Harlene," the hair specific of Royalty, offers to all subjects of Their Majestics King George and Queen Mary throughout the British

Mr. Edwards' great Coronation Year Triple Gift consists of a complete "Harlene Hair-Drill " Outfit, which will be sent Free to anyone in the British Empire who forwards the coupon below.

Empire to-day.

This Great Triple Gift will enable every man and woman to grow a rich, luxuriant head of hair similar to those of Royalties and Notabilities who have testified to the benefits of "Harlene."

The importance of a magnificent head of hair for both men and women in these strenuous days of commercial competition cannot be overestimated. People are judged

mainly by their appearance, on which depends success, and there is nothing that embellishes the appearance and adds dignity and charm to both sexes like rich glossy hair.

Mr. Edwards' Free Triple Gift enables everyone, no matter how poor or neglected their hair may be at present, or whether they suffer from any of the innumerable diseases and complaints of the scalp, including

Falling Hair, Greying Hair, Thinning Hair, Poor Hair, Dandruff, Baldness, Scurf, and other ailments,

to immediately commence to cure themselves, and to begin to grow within 7 days from the date of starting "Harlene

Hair-Drill" heads of beautiful glossy hair, which will be noticed and envied by all their acquaintance and friends.

This Great Triple Gift, which you can obtain to-day by forwarding coupon below, consists of-



The Free "Harlene Hair-Drill" will enable every man to grow a magnificent head of hair and every woman to add to her charms a natural crown of beautiful silken tresses. secure the Free Outfit by filling in and posting the Coupon below.

I. A DAINTY BOTTLE OF "HARLENE." seven days' supply, which will enable the user to judge of its benefits.

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ART NOTES.

THE Academy—the inner Academy—can be measured in inches. A few are Mr. Sargent's, a few Mr. Stott's, a few Mr. Bramley's, a few Mr. Clausen's. The catalogue gives no sizes; we cannot exactly apportion his part in the year's achievement to any one of these, or to Mr. Adrian Stokes, Mr. Havers, Mr. Tuke, Mr. La Thangue, or Mr. Orpen. But there are passages in several pictures—passages that could be hidden away under the spread pages of a single issue of this paper—sufficient to make the whole monster show delightful. The mountain air, slightly densified

with sun, filling the upper regions of Mr. Sargent's "Waterfall," the vase of flowers in Mr. Bramley's interior (the last picture in the last room), the veiled brilliance of Mr. Clausen's barn, the reflection of

brilliance of Mr. Clausen's barn, the reflection of a girl's black hair among the goldfish in the tank of Mr. La Thangue's "Italian Garden," these are delightful things. Mr. Sargent's "Vaterfall" atones for even so great a failure as his "Archbishop of Canterbury." The position of "The Waterfall" on a mean wall, cramped against a door, in Gallery II., is only less unfortunate than the position of Mr. Adrian Stokes's "Sunlight in a Forest," which hangs, as a pendant to Mr. Sargent's marvellous work, on the other side of a portrait by Mr. Arthur Hacker.

by Mr. Arthur Hacker.

It is long since the Academy found a painter. Its habit is to borrow, and only lately Mr. Orpen, Mr. Lavery, Mr. C. H. Shannon, and Mr. D. Y. Cameron have been elected on the strength of the good opinion of other societies. But Mr. Val Havers comes from nowhere. If the Academy Schools have made him, the Academy Schools have learnt a great deal in the process. We find it easier to accept him as a mystery, and to repeat his name, as it came to us, in accents of interrogation. Is it a disguise? We have heard of the honour of rejection by the R.A.: have we here the case of a R.A.: have we here the case of a painter unwilling to be accepted under his proper name? Puzzling, too, is the statement that Mr. Havers has often exhibited. Both his pictures in Gallery X. are charming in handling and composition. In one, the lines of the dancers swing in opposition to the lines of the distant trees; in the other, the sedate cottages, church spire, and white posts upon the village green, all white posts upon the village green, all bathed in tranquil moonlight, unconsciously point up towards stars and phantom figures tangled among the boughs of the trees. The title of each is "Living-Room Picture," showing that Mr. Havers insists upon the decorative nature of work which is probably destined to take its place in carefully contrived frame of panelling.

Hardly less interesting than the advent of Mr. Havers is the change in Mr. Sims and Mr. Lavery. Mr. Sims, in "The Crab-Apple Tree" has brought his roving brush into close confinement, and painted as minutely as a Paduan of the quattrocento.

The carefully graduated brilliance of the sky, the little, sudden, grass-capped rocks, the brightness of all the pig-ment, make one look for Carlo Simone as the signature



"WHEN MAN'S SOUL . . . SPURNS ASUNDER THE BARRIERS": MR. FRED ROE'S "REVOLUTION" AT THE ACADEMY. In connection with his picture the artist quotes from Carlyles "Horrible the hour when man's soul in its paroxysm spurns asunder the barriers and rules; and shews what dens and depths are in it."

rather than Charles Sims. Mr. Lavery's triumph is not one of condensation; in "The Amazon" he has enlarged and amplified his manner. Both painters are suited by these amplified his manner. Both painters are suited by these changes. Mr. Arnesby Brown again contributes a cattle-piece of admirable quality, and Sir W. B. Richmond, Mr. L. Birch, Mr. Stanhope Forbes, and Mr. Norman Garstin are well represented. Sir William, however, must guard against the snares of Post-Impressionism, or reconcile himself to the praises of Mr. Fry and Mr. Hind.—E. M.



EXHIBITED AT THE ACADEMY: "THE HARBOUR WINDOW," BY STANHOPE A. FORBES, R.A.

This picture is a diploma work, deposited by the artist on his election as a Royal Academician. Mr. Stanhope Forbes is one of the well-known group of Newlyn artists.

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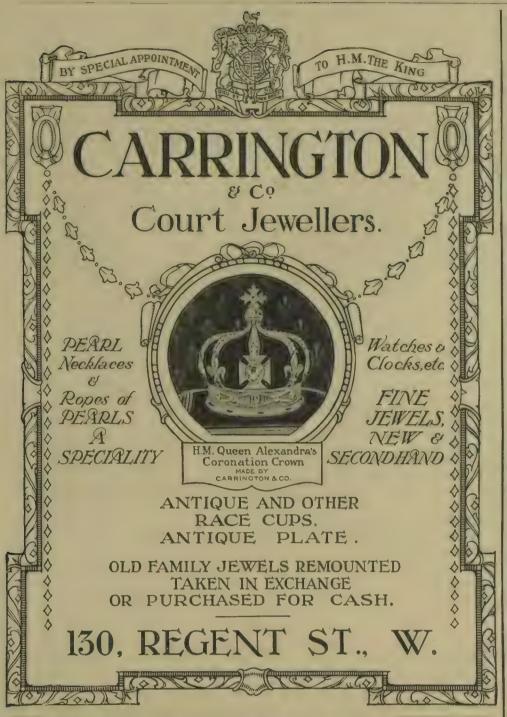


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NEW NOVELS.

"Jane Oglander." Mrs. Belloc - Lowndes has a full sense of the value of dramatic suspense in the construction of a novel. "Jane Oglander" (Heinemann) keeps up a tingling anticipation until the instant of its very startling dénouement. It is not, as

a matter of fact, primarily the story of Jane Oglander. who is good and kind and well-nigh perfect, but of somebody much more attractive — to the novel reader—because so much more harmful. The beau-tiful sinner will allure until the crack of doom, and Mrs. Belloc-Lowndes has been signally successful in setting her down here, in all the warmth and wicked-ness of her fascination. Athena Maule is La Belle Dame Sans Merci, and there is no little piquancy in the revelation of the workings of her subtle mind, of her self-justification, of her plots and secret malevolences — yes, and of her aspirations to-wards the married happiness that would apparently imply perpetuated respec tability. She is thoroughly noxious, a poisoned flower deadly to the man who falls under her influence. So "Jane Oglander," the book she dominates, leaves the reader haunted, and perhaps a little aghast, after his intimate vision of the soul of a bad woman. It is a brilliant piece of

Once again Mr. Gals-"The Patrician." patrician. worthy has aimed high, and attained. It may well be true that, as it is said, the genius of the English people is expressing itself through the medium of its novels. Mr.

paper as the great men of other centuries have used paint and canvas, to expres; the spirit of his age. He demonstrates; he does not interpret. "Fraternity,"

as we know, drew the irreconcilable elements of our society into the light of day, pointed the finger at them, and left the world to read their riddle. "The Patrician" (Heinemann) detaches a little group of aristocrats, the rearguard of an order that can die but cannot surrender, and reveals the slow process of their desiccation. Lord Miltoun's portrait is a fine

her own mind no less surely than the rest of her kind. Love, in this company of inbred beings, is a woefully maltreated god—that is, when he suggests that patricians may love outside their own sphere. Miltoun gives up the woman who is all the world to him, and Mr. Galsworthy has never done anything finer than this description of a lover's agony of separation. And the sacrifice is made—for what? Again the for

for what? Again the finger points, and leaves the world to pity, and to read the riddle.

We very much regret to find that in our last Issue we omitted to acknowledge the courtesy of Sir George Arthur in allowing us to reproduce from his most interesting book, "The Story of the Household Cavalry" (Constable), an illustration of a trooper in the Royal Regiment of Horse. We reproduced it in connection with our Illustrations of the remarkable manuscript — recently put up for sale — consisting of a document signed by Charles II., recording the original establishment of the 1st Life Guards. Sir George Arthur very kindly gave us the benefit of his expert knowledge of the subject, and allowed us to use the illustration from his book. It was only by an oversight, in the pressure of work incidental to going to press, that an acknowledgment of his kind assistance in the matter was omitted.

It is now possible to obtain a really drinkable, and one might say "natural," lemonade, because it is made with the natural mineral water and natural carbonic acid gas from the Château Robert Springs at St. Yorre, in the Vichy dis-trict, together with fresh "Château Robert" Lemon-

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Galsworthy uses pen and

and masterly thing; but it is rivalled by the wonderful minor studies of Lady Casterley, the old lady, the supreme autocrat; of his father and mother, who embody the limitations of their caste; of little Ann, who knows



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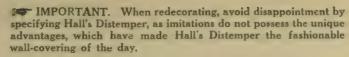
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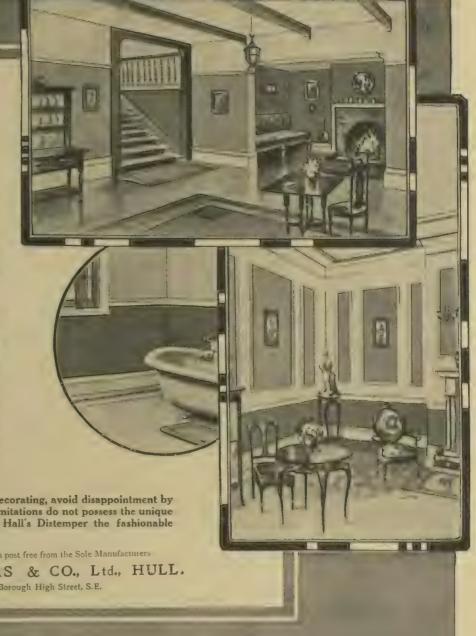


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LITERATURE.

Mrs. Putnam's book, "The Lady: Studies in Studies in Ladyhood.

Ladyhood.

Studies of certain significant Phases of her History" (Putnam's Sons), is as fresh as it is scholarly; it is therefore the best American. Her interest in her theme is new, and not

IN THE NEW ST. JAMES'S PALACE HOTEL IN BURY STREET: THE GEORGIAN RESTAURANT.

The St. James's Palace Hotel and Restaurant has just been opened in Bury Street, most opportunely, for London's hotel accommodation and catering resources will be taxed to the utmost during this season. The new hotel is already fully booked for Coronation week. The Georgian Restaurant can seat 300, and the Louis XVI, Banqueting Hall 200.

ashamed of being new, but it has not the fault for which Americans are too apt to apologise—it is not crude. Mrs. Putnam has read not more eagerly than deliberately, in ancient letters and modern, in the classics, the romantics, and in Anatole France. And it needed not a little literature, as well as not a little history, to deal with the subject she has so originally chosen. We have had many studies of women who were ladies, none, heretofore, of ladies formed into a class by ladyhood itself, a class economic and social. Still less has any other writer followed that sheltered, dependent, indulged, hampered, honoured, influential, controlled company in progress down the course of the ages of civilisation. If Mrs. Putnam has not—as she could not have—anything yet undiscussed to tell us of the Greek lady or the Roman, she has many things yet unobserved to say of the relation of one ladyhood of Antiquity to another, and of the ladyhood of Antiquity to that of the Middle Ages.

Her historical study is, of course, mainly a history of three combined things: chastity, honour, and caste among women; but she sees keenly and relates admirably how the ideas behind those three great dignities changed with the enormous alteration that Christianity brought upon Europe, with the change especially of the mind of man as husband. As a woman Mrs. Putnam has a fine sense of the conditions of the house, the lady's shrine, prison, pride; as when she glances at the Roman householder as a dilettants.

dilettante. "With the Roman there came into history many of the limitations. the make-shift substitutes for high intelligence, the feeling, for instance, that it is more gentlemanly to be able to buy pictures than to be able to paint them, the Philistinism, in a word, that makes the world seem homelike." This is but one of her above and with equipment and with continuous and with continuous and with the second seems and with the second seems and with the second seems and with the second second seems and with the second s her alert and witty sayings, and yet she has not the now common and tedious trick of straining for wit in her sayings. We find her study of "The Lady Abbess" the only passage of her book that is lacking in imagination and insight. The concluding chapter on the lady of the Slave States of America is of great interest, and the book

throughout is a book of distinct talent, of good planning, and of truths as well as facts.

"The Holy Land,"

Mr. Robert Hichens and M. Jules Guérin have collabor-ated already in "Egypt and its

Monuments," and they have now joined pen and pencil to produce "The Holy Land" Hodder and Stoughton). The result is a work of great beauty. In a few general sections, "Baalbee, the town of the Sun," "From Damascus to Nazareth," "From Nazareth to Jerusalem," and so on, Mr. Hichens presents a series of vivid and often sensitive impressions, with sur-prising little homely touches; as when, riding away from Jacob's Well, something springlike and lively in the air made him think of England,

and its yellow clouds of primioses in copses full of flickering lights and gentle shadows. That prompted him to ask his Syrian companion whether there were cuckoos in Palestine, and, getting a negative answer, to imitate its call, which the other did not recognise. About half-ancall, which the other did not recognise. About nati-an-hour later a cuckoo sang out lustily, and his companion pulled up his horse to listen to the music of spring, which in more than twenty years lived always in Syria he had never heard before. Perhaps the most striking chapters are those on Damascus and Jerusalem. Silken garment and hair shirt, Mr. Hichens prefigures them. Damascus is seductive, Jerusalem is austere. The first is a garden city touched by the great desert. The mirage is its spell. Damascus is for the Moslem, as the other, despite the growing dominion of the Jew, is for the Christian. At the same time, Jerusalem is a city of un-Christian discord. A concluding chapter describes the exceptional Holy Week there when the Latin and the Greek Easters fell for once on the same day. In that week it seemed as if the religious life of the whole world centred in the Court and Church of the Holy Sepulchre. But the lesson of Galilee, says the author, was forgotten. M. Guérin's coloured drawings, eighteen in all, are of an arresting dignity. Such a one as "The Wilderness of Judea" has a haunting quality, and for beauty we should single out "The Housetops of Nazareth." hour later a cuckoo sang out lustily, and his companion



AFTER LAYING THE FOUNDATION STONE OF A CHURCH: LORD ROBERTS ADDRESSING THE ENGLISH VISITORS AT VERNET-LES-BAINS.

During his recent visit to Vernet-les-Bains, Lord Roberts laid the foundation-stone of a new English church. After the ceremony he spoke from the steps of the English Club, as seen in the photograph, to a large gathering of English visitors.

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THOUGH the adaptation of Herr Molnar's popular comedy, prepared (with the inevitable toning down of audacities) for London tastes, is not too adroit, and much of the vivacity of the original has been sacrificed

in the interests of sentiment, still, the story the play tells, of how a husband, to test his wife's fidelity, makes love to her in disguise, is worked through with such theatrical effectiveness and such humour that, even in the rather tame version of "Playing with Fire," it should secure a considerable success. Of course, its whole scene is artificial and almost as old as the hills; but Herr Molnar has very neatly covered up its artificiality by suffering his protagonists to be actor and actress and so justifying the husband's masquerade and the general atmosphere of pretence. The audience needless to say, has to do its share of make-believe; but that is rendered easy in course of the play's develop-ment, thanks to the delightful acting provided at the Com-edy by Mr. Robert Loraine and Miss Alexandra Carlisle You must understand that Henry has no little reason for being doubtful of his Gertrude's sincerity; she is rather too much admired for his comfort, and he knows her to have a weakness for the soldier's coat. So he assumes a false was and the assumes a false nose and the gorgeous uniform of a prince from Russia, and in that make-up finds her only too susceptible to his passionate protestations. He conquers and he exposes her. Is she ashamed? No. She braves out a pretence that she recognised her husband all

along, and it is on this theatrical climax of a purely theatrical story that the curtain drops. Mr. Loraine perhaps might in-dicate a little more variety in the hero, and perhaps Miss Carlisle should be more naughtily coquettish,

but her acting in the final scene is delicious in its piquancy

"THE MASTER OF MRS. CHILVERS," AT THE ROYALTY.

It is a new idea, theatrically considered, which Mr. Jerome has got hold of in the play with which Messrs. Vedrenne and Dennis Eadie have started their joint management at the Royalty, and for that, at least, we open, as in this case, to contest the next Parliamentary vacancy; imagine Mr. Chilvers having to face an election because he is made a Minister; imagine him, though sympathetic towards the women's cause, quarrelling with them on a point they deem all-important; imagine his wife originally selected by the league as its first candidate, and opposed to her husband on the matter in dispute—and all is plain sailing for the ludicrous situ-ation in which husband and

wife are shown, wooing East Poplar in mutual antagonism. Where Mr. Jerome may be criticised is in his heavy handling of his subject. The stock arguments of suffra-gism and anti-suffragism are reproduced here with all sol-emnity. The author's solution, too, of his imbroglio is curiously conventional for so new-style a theme. When Mrs, Chilvers has defeated her husband at the poll she finds herself compelled to resign because she will soon be the mother of his child, and the coming baby will be old-fashioned and man-like cutting of the knot! Still, there is plenty of fun in the play; and, quite outside the drollery of its main structure, Mr. Jerome gives us some very laughable sketches of Cockney characters, notably the types represented with fine comic art by Mr. Gwenn, Miss Esmé Beringer, and Miss Sydney Fairbrother. Mr. Michael Sherbrooke, as an election agent, seems to carry about with him an atmosphere of excitement; and to the various discussions Miss Sarah Brooke, Miss Ethel Dane, and Miss Gillian Scaife are brisk contributors. Mr. Dennis Eadie's part of Mr. Chilvers does not make heavy calls on him, but he shows ease in all his work; and though Miss Lena Ashwell has had stronger parts than that of the heroine, she

acts with beautiful delicacy

THE BEGINNING OF THREE DAYS' CONTINUOUS MUSIC: SIR HENRY J. WOOD AT THE OPENING PERFORMANCE OF THE SHEFFIELD MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

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The Sheffield Musical Festival has this year been a spring instead of an autumn event, and it was compressed into three days of continuous music. The Festival opened last week at the Albert Hall, Sheffield, with a performance of "The Messiah," Sir Henry J. Wood conducting, and the solo parts being taken by Mme. Agnes Nicholls, Miss Phyllis Lett, Mr. Ben Davies, and Mr. Frederic Austin. One new work was given at the Festival, a dramatic cantata by Georg Schumann, entitled "Ruth."

owe him thanks. Moreover, he succeeds in turning the "Votes for Women" movement-for that is the topic he exploits-often enough to very humorous account. Imagine a women's league resolving, with the way made

in the passage in which Mrs. Chilvers makes the announcement which ends the feud with her husband. The cast, indeed, of the play is perhaps the best all-round cast now to be seen in London.

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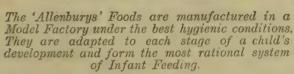
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THE well-known accessory firm of Messrs. S. Smith and Son., Ltd., of 9, Strand, W.C., have had the honour of equipping no fewer than four of the royal motor-cars. In the last case, they supplied two 11-inch flared front Goldenlyte. head-lamps, the gas for which is obtained from an A.-L. (Allan-Liversedge) 2-lb. acetylene gen-erator; two 7-inch Goldenlyte electric side-lamps, run off an accumulator; an "Adnil" electric horn, also off an accumulator; a duplex "Per-fect" speed-recorder: and an eight-day clock fect" speed-recorder; and an eight day clock. This equipment is well chosen. The Goldenlyte This equipment is well chosen. The Goldeniyte head-lamps, which have great illuminating power, do not dazzle, while the fog-penetration of the Goldenlyte rays is quite twenty per cent. in excess of the beam thrown from a silvered reflector. The A.-L. generator is both simple and effective and economical, and will use carbide up to the last nugget. The "Adnil" electric horn is one of the best things of its kind, if not the best it projects a clear, far-reaching, and the best; it projects a clear, far-reaching, and persuasive note, altogether lacking the maddeningly irritating sounds emitted by certain hooters too frequently in use. The "Perfect" speedometer and distance-recorder needs no bush. The particular instrument fitted to his Majesty's car will have a dial on the dashboard and another

a dial on the dashboard and another within the carriage.

Upon more than one occasion motor tourists returning home from the sunny and untrapped land of France, where touring they had en-joyed and profited by the massed in-formation of the Guide Michelin, have suggested that a similar work dealing with the British Isles would prove an inestimable boon to motorists touring this country. There has been surely time and enough since the publication of the first French "Guide Michelin" to profit by the Michelin example, but in all those eleven years no one has had the temerity and enterprise to leap into the breach and fill the void. has been left for the Michelin Tyre Company in the year of Coronation to confer upon us equal benefits with France, Spain, Portugal, Germany, the Alps, and the Rhine, for right to hand is a copy of the Michelin Guide to the British Isles.

With a Michelin Guide aboard, the tourist's touring equipment is com-plete, except for, perhaps, a map and a road-book, although the forty-four



THE TUNISIAN TOUR OF THE PRESIDENT WHO "WORE GREEN SPURS": THE MOTOR - CAR' THAT CONVEYED M. FALLIÈRES' SUITE.

During his recent tour in Tunis, President Fallières was told by some Arabs at one place that they were very glad to see him because he "wore green spurs." They explained that visitors who "wear green spurs" are those who bring rain to benefit the crops; those who "wear red spurs" are accompanied by drought. M. Fallières experienced wet weather.



THE DISPLACEMENT OF THE CARRIAGE AND PAIR BY THE MOTOR: A SCENE OUTSIDE BURLINGTON HOUSE DURING THE PRIVATE VIEW OF THE ACADEMY.

An indication of the extent to which the motor has taken the place of the carriage and pair as a fashionable equipage was afforded by the scene in the quadrangle of Burlington House during the Private View of the Royal Academy.

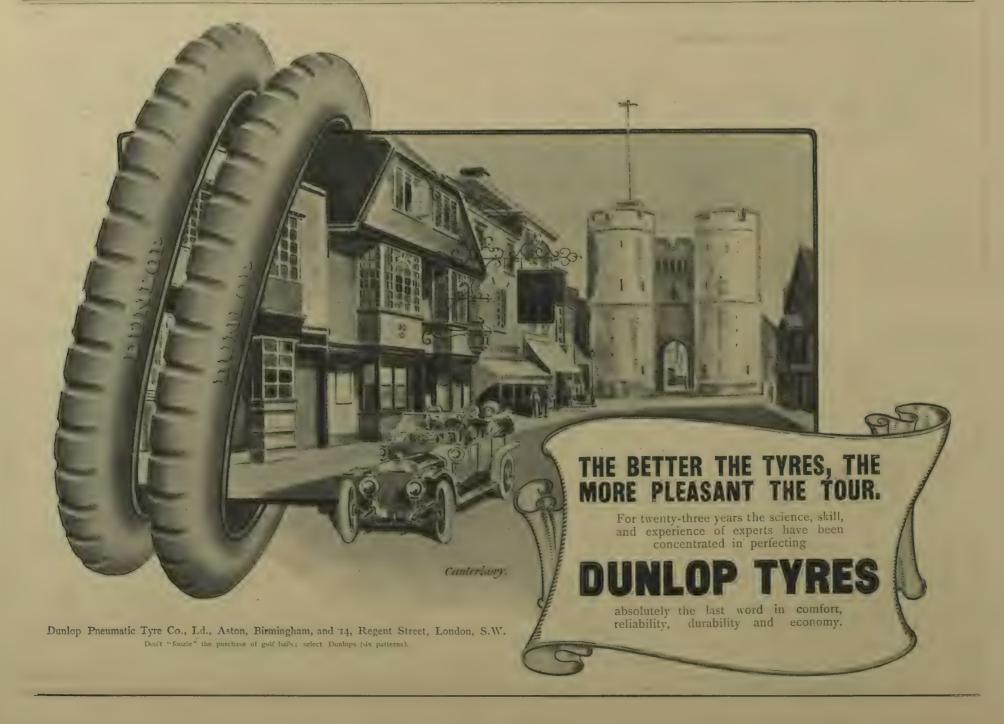
The horses, it will be noticed, are few and far between.

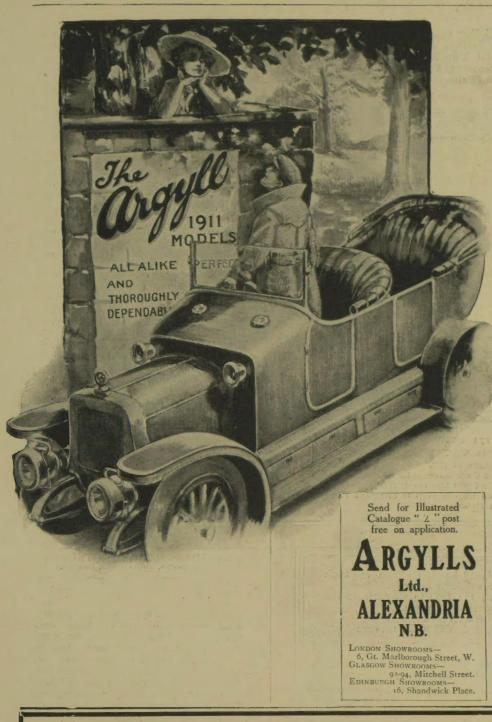
sectional maps given in this work are almost sufficient for main-road running. But the chief feature of the book is the alphabetical Town Gazetteer (separated into two parts — Great Britain and Ireland); for against the name of every town appear full particulars of the points of interest in the district classified; bottle, the of interest in the district classified: hotels, the names of the firms stocking Michelin tyres and sundries, and the names and addresses of motor-car repairers. By the use of easily comprehended signs a mass of information is imparted with respect to the above, even includparted with respect to the above, even including information as to the neighbouring golf links, and the exits from the town thereto. The hotels are arranged into six different classes, and are so notified, with the tariff appended in most cases. Then there are detailed itineraries for excursions through the most picturesque parts of the country, together with numerous small town-plans in black and white. No towing motorist can afford to tour white. No touring motorist can afford to tour without the Michelin Guide.

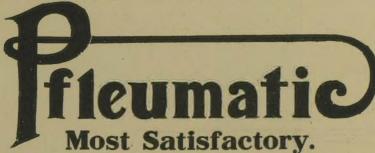
The Talbot car is assuredly not without honour in Queensland. Indeed, it bears a great reputation in all wide Australia for its all round outs hills.

*

tralia for its all-round suitability to Colonial motoring, demonstrated à merveille by the trans-Continental trip and the Sydney and Melbourne and Melbourne and Adelaide records, which stand to its credit. wonder, then, that when the Queensland Government decided to explore the proposed route for the Queensland Trans-Continental Railway, they elected to purchase a 15-h.p. Talbot car for the purpose. That their choice was a wise one is proved by the story of the 2668 miles trip made by this car, which has just reached me in pamphlet form. For those who know this part of the world it may be said that the car was driven, from Cannamulla south-west to Hungerford, then north-west to Hungo-nundah and Eromanga (in one place crossing a channel of the Bulloo, no less than twelve miles in width), Adavale, Windorah, Boulia, Glen-ormiston, Urandangi, and to Camorweal, whence the journey back was made. The illustrations of the surfaces encountered are such that if a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Motor Cars existed in Queensland the Government of that State would be the defendants in the first action.







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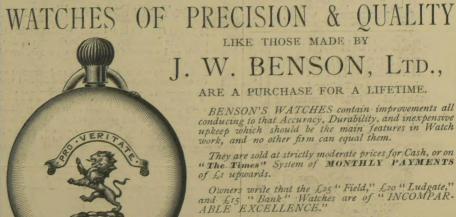
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WILLS AND BEQUESTS.

THE will and codicils of EARL CAWDOR, P.C., of

THE will and codicils of EARL CAWDOR, P.C., of 7, Prince's Gardens, Cawdor Castle (Nairn), and Stackpole Court (Pembroke), who died on Feb. 8, have been proved by Lieutenant - Colonel Henry E. S. H. Drummond and Hervey Cavendish, the value of the estate being £633.328. The testator gives all his stock in the Great Western Railway Company and in Crompton and Concerting furniture, plate wines horses and Co, certain furniture, plate, wines, horses and carriages, and the use of his town house. to his wife, and she is to receive an annuity of £2000 in the event of her taking a lease of the Golden Grove property; £600 per annum each to his daughters while spinsters, and a capital sum of £15,000 on their marriage, and a further £600 per annum may be applied for the benefit of his daughter may be applied for the benefit of his daughter Lady Muriel Dorothy; and portions of £15,000 are to be made up for each of his jounger sons. All real estate in England and Wales he settles on his eldest son, with remainder to his grandson John Duncan Campbell, and his first and other sons in fall male. The picture by Landseer called "Scotty," presented by Queen Victoria to the lady Cawdor is to dayly as an the late Lady Cawdor, is to devolve as an heirloom. The residue of the personal estate he leaves to his eldest son.

The will of MISS ELLEN TAUNTON LITTLE, of 14, The Paragon, Bath, who died on Sept. 7, is now proved, and the value of the property sworn at £70,684. Amongst many legacies are the following: £5000 in trust, to augment the living of St. Michael's (Bath), £1000 to the Rector thereof, for Church and School purposes, and £30 for distribution amongst the Church officials; a portrait in oils of John Ferrett to the old parish church at Bradford-on-Avon; a picture, "The Snake Charmer."

by Maddox, to the Victoria Art Gallery; £300 each to the British and Foreign Bible Society, the Church Pastoral Aid Society, the National Life-Boat Institution, and the Church Missionary Society; £300 each to the United Hospital, the Mineral Water Hospital, the



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District National Benevolent Institution, the Victoria Park, the Eastern Dispensary, and the Monmouth Street Society, all of Bath; and £200 each to the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Associations (Bath). One

half of the residue she leaves to Reginald St. John
Little, and one half between Nina Jeffs
and Laura E. B. Gedye.

The will (dated Dec. 22, 1895) of COLONEL RICHARD HENRY BEDDOME, of Lispara, West Hill, Putney, who died on Feb. 23, has been proved by Mrs. Mary Sophia Beddome, the widow, and Robert Arthur Read, the value of the property being £170,326. The testator gives £2000 and freehold property in Soho, Covent Garden, and Walworth Road to his son, Sidney Fullerton Beddome; £5000 to his daughter Mrs. Horne; £7000 to his daughter Mrs. Read; £5000 to his daughter Mrs. Lemon; £50 a year to Robert A. Read during the life of Mrs. Beddome; and the residue, in trust, for his widow for life. Subject thereto, he gives his residence to his daughter Mrs. Read, on condition she lives there, and the The will (dated Dec. 22, 1895) of COLONEL Read, on condition she lives there, and the ultimate residue to his daughters.

Iltimate residue to his daughters.

The will (dated June 11, 1910) of MR. WILLIAM YOUNG, of Delapré, Salisbury, who died on Nov. 23, has been proved by George Burnett, George Harris, Edwin Young, and Reginald Young, the value of the property being £47,398. He gives £1500 to the Cancer Hospital, Brompton; £750 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes; £500 each to the Church Missionary Society, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, and the Sailors' Homes at Portsmouth; £250 each to the Royal Hospital for Incur-£250 each to the Royal Hospital for Incurables and the Southampton Free Eye Hospital; £1000 and the use of his residence to his wife; £1500 to Betty Salisbury; £3000 to the children of his brother Herbert Isaac; £3000 to the children of his sister Mrs. Burnett; £500 and house property to his brother Edwin; £500 to his brother Thomas;

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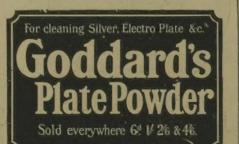
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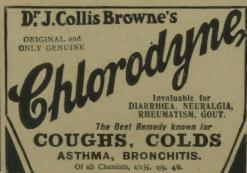
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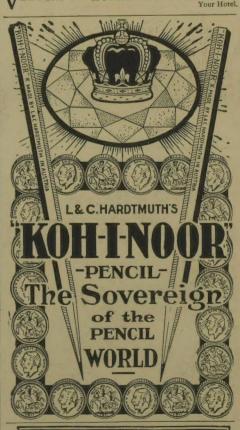
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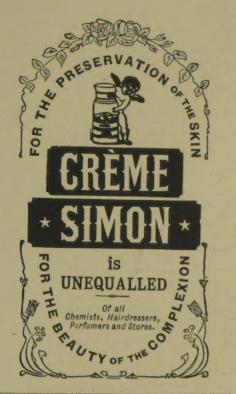
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and other legacies. The ultimate residue is to be divided amongst George Burnett, Vera Harris, and Rose Brown.

The following important wills have been proved-Mr. James Goldsmith, Milton, Portsmouth. . . £146,423
Mr. Micah Gedling Bradley, West Lodge. Mansfield . £70,045
Mr. Philip Pain, 29, Palmeira Mansions, Hove . . £57,329
Mr. Alfred Edwin Barwood, 152, Camden Road, N.W. £43,414

Visitors to Lowestoft will be interested to learn that arrangements have now been made by the Great Eastern Railway for the band, which has hitherto performed on the company's South Pier on weekdays only, to give a selection of music on Sunday evenings during the forthcoming summer season.

Stamp-collectors will welcome a new album, specially designed for stamps issued during King Edward's reign, which has just been published by the well-known philatelist, Mr. W. S. Lincoln, of 2, Holles Street, Oxford Street. It contains a portrait of King Edward, and spaces for every known variety of watermark and paper. The price is 7s. 6d., or, by post, 8s.

"Window-of-the-Sole" is the appropriate legend by which "Regal" boots can be distinguished. It appears on the little label on the bottom of every boot made by the Regal Shoe Company, an American firm, whose London establishment is at 97, Cheapside. The company has great factories at Whitman and Milford, Massachusetts, and at Philadelphia; and their principle is to use none but the best materials and the most expert workmanship. An attractive illustrated booklet can be obtained from the Cheapside branch obtained from the Cheapside branch.

In this year of pageantry, when only the fortunate few, comparatively speaking, will be able to obtain a near view of many memorable events, a good pair of field-glasses is a most desirable possession. Those who think of obtaining such an indispensable aid to satisfactory sight-seeing will do well to consult the illustrated catalogue of the Busch Prism Binoculars, made by the Emil Busch Optical Company of as Charles Street. Emil Busch Optical Company, of 35, Charles Street, Hatton Garden, E.C. Among their famous makes of binoculars are a new model called the "Roja," the "Lynkop," the "Stellux," the "Sollux," etc.

Arrangements have now been made by the South Eastern and Chatham Railway Company with the Zeeland Steamship Company for an acceleration of the service to Holland and Germany via Flushing. The day service by this route will continue to be given via Queenservice by this route will continue to be given via Queen-boro' Pier, but the night service will be transferred from Queenboro' Pier to Folkestone Harbour, and consider-able saving in time effected. In connection with these services the Great Western Company are running through carriages to and from Wolverhampton, Birmingham, and Leamington, and Queenboro' Pier and Folkestone Har-bour respectively, so that passengers will avoid the transfer across London. There will be through carriages from Flushing to Hamburg and Berlin by both services.

CHESS.

To Correspondents.—Communications for this department should be addressed to the Chess Editor, Milford Lane, Strand, W.C.

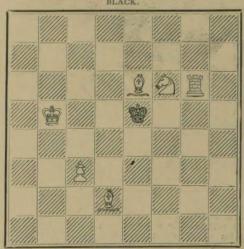
N H Greenway (San Francisco).—Thanks for your letter and enclosure.
We are always pleased to receive contributions from an old hand like
yourself.

A REES (Bournemouth).-We will endeavour to comply R King.—Much obliged, but, unfortunately, the draught problem is of no use to us.

HEREWARD and G BROWNE .- Problems to hand, with thanks.

BULFORD PLAYER.—"Chess Openings, Ancient and Modern," would probably answer your purpose. You may obtain the work through any bookseller.

PROBLEM No. 3495.-By T. D. CLARKE (Victoria, Australia). BLACK.



WHITE.

White to play, and mate in three moves

SOLUTION OF PROBLEM No. 3492.—By H. J. M.

white.

1. B to Kt sq
2. Q to R 4th
3. Q mates K takes B P takes Kt

If Black play 1. P takes Kt, 2. Q to R 4th. There is, however, another solution minencing 1, Q to K 4th.

CORRECT SOLUTIONS OF PROBLEM No. 3489 received from J Lear (Yazoo City, Miss.) and F Hanstein (Natal); of No. 3490 from Jacob Verrall (Rodmell), Sinbad (H.M.S. Topaze), and C Field junior (Athol, Mass.); of No. 3491 from Dr. T Douglas (Scone), C Field junior, T Roberts (Hackney), Theo Marzials (Colyton), W Weaver Jones (Wanstead), Jacob Verrall, Montagu G, and J B Camara (Madeira); of No. 3492 from Rev. Percy Rowlands. R.N. (H.M.S. Blake), Montagu G, J W Atkinson Wood (Manchester), C Conway Monk (Knightsbridge), T Roberts, W Weaver Jones, W Mackenzie Brown (Dalry), T Douglas, Ph Lehzen (Hanover), and W Miller (Cork).

(Hanover), and W Miller (Cork).

CORRECT SOLUTIONS OF PROBLEM NO. 3403 received from C Conway Monks
Montagu G, John Mackey, F Cercedo (Finchley), J E Trezise (Walsall)
R A Redhead (Blackheath), F W Cooper (Derby, J Green (Boulogne)
T Roberts, R C Widdecombe (Saltash), R J Lonsdale (New Brighton)
L Schlu (Vienna), J Cohn (Berlin), Captain Challice (Great Yarmouth)
A G Beadell (Winchelsea), W T (Canterbury), H J M, Mark Dawson
J W Atkinson Wood, J Churcher (Southampton), E Trowbridge (Sutton),
J A S Hanbury (Birmingham), Sorrento, Major Buckley (St. Leonardson-Sea), E J Winter-Wood, W H Winter (Medstead), W Best (Dorchester), Arthur Perry (Dublin), W Weaver Jones, Rev. J Christie
(Redditch), W Lillie (Marple), R Worters (Canterbury), Ph Lehzen,
J D Tucker (Ilkley), and C Simons.

INTERNATIONAL CHESS. Game played in the Cablegram Match between GREAT BRITAIN and AMERICA. (Queen's Paren Game.)

BLACK
(Mr. Marshall.)
P to Q 4th
P to K 3rd
P to Q B 4th
K P takes P
Kt to Q B 3rd WHITE (Mr. Burn.) P to Q 4th P to Q B 4th Kt to Q B 3rd B P takes P Kt to B 3rd P to K Kt 3rd WHITE (Mr. Burn.) (Mr. Marshall.) This Fianchetto continuate B a good position to of the board, and especiated Q P. It will be be fortune of the game to Kt to B 3rd B to K 2nd Castles B to K 3rd P to K R 3rd B takes B P takes P Kt takes Kt R to B so 6.
7. B to Kt 2nd
8. Castles
9. B to Kt 5th
10. P to K 3rd
11. B takes Kt
12. Q to Q 2nd
13. K Kt takes P
14. P takes Kt
15. P to Kt 3rd being at once offers effects, but Whats its weakness a K to R 2nd B to K 2nd B to B 4th (ch)

A beautiful and unexpected stroke which wins in all variations. Only a great master 37. K to K sq Resigns

By the death of Mr. Sam Loyd at Boston in his seventy-third year chess has lost its greatest and most famous problem-composer. Of late years he had not been much in evidence, but during the period of his productive activity Loyd's latest was the centre of an admiring circle wherever over the whole world the game was practised. His style had none of the finnicking niceties on which the modern critic bases his judgment, and would fare badly in the tourney competitions of to-day, but for originality, fertility, and inventiveness he towered above all his contemporaries. These qualities stood him in good stead when they were devoted to the production of such popular puzzles as "The Donkey" and "Pigs in Clover," the sale of which, with other similar enigmas, brought him in substantial rewards. He was at one time a very strong player over the board, and competed in the Paris Tournament of 1861.

Her Majesty the Queen has been graciously pleased to grant a royal warrant of appointment to Messrs. Gérard, Ltd., of 178, Regent Street, W., florists to her late Majesty Queen Victoria.

At the Annual General Court of the Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation, held on May 3, it was decided to pay a dividend of 6 per cent., free of income tax, making 10 per cent. on the Capital Stock of the Corporation for the year ending December 31, 1910.

On Saturdays May 13 and 27 the Great Northern Railway Company are running excursions for various periods from 1 to 8 days to Leeds, Bradford, Halifax, Grimsby, Nottingham, Derby, Scarborough, etc., and each Sunday for a half day to Huntingdon, Peterborough, Spalding, Boston, Louth, Grimsby, Grantham, Nottingham, Newark and Retford at 11.30 a.m. Rural ramble tickets, available by any train after 12 noon on ramble tickets, available by any train after 12 noon on Saturdays, and by any train on Sundays, are issued from King's Cross, Finsbury Patk, etc., to various stations in Hertfordshire, and are available for return from certain other stations



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